Summit School District RE-1 Frisco, Colorado

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020



Summit School District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

Prepared By Kara Drake

Director of Business Services

Summit School District RE-1 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

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Summit School District RE-1

Introductory Section





BOARD OF EDUCATION

Ms. Kate Hudnut, President

Ms. Tracey Carisch, Vice President

Mr. Chris Alleman, Treasurer

Ms. Gini Bradley, Secretary

Ms. Gloria Quintero, Director

Ms. Consuelo Redhorse, Director Ms. Isabel Rodriguez, Director

Dr. Marion Smith, Jr, Superintendent

November 24, 2020

Board of Education and Residents Summit School District Frisco, Colorado 80443

Colorado Revised Statute 29-1-603 requires that all school districts publish within five months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Summit School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Summit School District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Summit School District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Summit School District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Summit School District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by McMahan and Associates, L.L.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Summit School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that Summit School District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Single Audit – The independent audit of the financial statements of Summit School District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The results of the District's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 provided no

instances of material weaknesses or reportable conditions in internal control or material violations of applicable laws, regulation, contracts or grants.

Budgeting Controls – In addition, the District maintains numerous budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the Board of Education. A quarterly financial report is prepared and presented to the Board of Education on a regular basis. Activities of all funds are included in this report. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by fund.

The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end and are generally re-established in the following year as an obligation against that year's appropriated budget.

Accounting Policies – Detailed descriptions of the District's accounting policies are contained in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements in section D, and they are an integral part of this report. These policies describe the basis of accounting, fund and accounts used, valuation policies for inventories and investments and other significant accounting information.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Summit School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Profile of the District

Summit School District was formed in 1958 by a state-wide reorganization of school districts. This reorganization combined six (6) small school districts in Summit County into one district. The District covers approximately 516 square miles in the central Colorado Rocky Mountains. Summit School District is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The District operates under an elected Board of Education with seven members. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Education. The Board is responsible, among other things, for adopting policies, appointing committees, adopting the budget, and hiring the Superintendent. The Superintendent is responsible for carrying out the policies and regulations of the Board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the district, and for hiring principals and administrators. The Board is elected on a non-partisan basis at large. Board members serve four-year staggered terms, with four or three Board members elected every two years.

The District provides a full range of educational programs and services authorized by Colorado State Statute to approximately 3,500 students. This includes basic PK-12 education in elementary, middle and high schools, special education for handicapped students, English language acquisition, preschool and numerous other programs. The District has no component governmental entities for which it is financially accountable. Therefore, the financial statements include only the District and no other entities.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Summit School District's financial planning and control. The Board of Education begins the budget cycle annually in December by reviewing several five-year projections to evaluate the overall financial health of the district. Based upon this review and current financial policies, the

Summit School District | 150 School Road | P.O. Box 7 | Frisco, CO 80443 | 970.368.1000 | www.summitk12.org

Board establishes the facts and assumptions that will be used in the development of the annual budget. The Administrative Team of the district, which consists of all building principals and district office administrators, discusses and reviews the Board direction. This input is then provided to the Board who finalizes their budget guidelines. The Business Services department then converts these guidelines into broad allocations to each school and department. The school or department determines their staffing and budgets to meet the needs of their customers and input for their respective communities within their allocations. The Business Services department then collects this budget detail and compiles the proposed budget. In May, the Superintendent presents this proposed budget to the Board for review. The Board is required to hold public hearings on the budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30, the close of Summit School District's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, program and department. Principals and department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the approval of the Board of Education. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for every fund. For all funds, this comparison is presented in the supplemental information section of this report, in Sections E and F.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Summit School District operates. The two factors that determine the level of funding for any year for a Colorado school district is the Colorado School Finance Act and individual district enrollment.

The Colorado School Finance Act was developed in 1988 to bring equity to funding of school districts throughout the State. In 1994, the Act was amended. The Act currently determines the amount of per pupil funding for each district in the state based upon four district factors: base, size, at-risk and cost of living. These factors determine a per pupil dollar amount that is then multiplied by the number of students enrolled on October 1 of the current year. Although the Colorado School Finance Act was implemented with the best intentions, tight state revenues have resulted in the Act, and therefore schools, being under funded for over twenty years.

In November 2000, the voters of Colorado passed a statewide ballot issue to amend the State Constitution, Amendment 23. This amendment requires that the state fund public education at a minimum of growth plus inflation plus one percent for the next ten years beginning with fiscal 2001-02 and thereafter at growth plus inflation. However, due to the state of the economy, the State of Colorado has had to reduce funding to PK-12 education, by enacting a new factor, the Budget Stabilization Factor, that empowers the legislature to override the aforementioned factors, and dictate how much the State will fund Colorado K-12 education. The economic impacts of COVID-19 had a significant impact on state funding for the 2020-21 budget, causing the state to double to Budget Stabilization Factor.

Enrollment is the second key factor to financing a school district. Summit School District's enrollment is projected to slightly decrease over the next several years. The District enrollment decreased 1.2% in 2019-20. The 2020-21 budget has been prepared forecasting a decreased enrollment of 30 students, or just under 1%, for the next fiscal year.

Major Initiatives

Developing caring learners is the single goal of the District. Every Summit School District student will develop as a caring learner by demonstrating at least a year's growth in academic achievement and by showing an increase in behaviors associated with positive character development. This growth will be measured by a body of evidence in an end-of-year review.

Strategic Plan: We believe in planning the work and then working the plan. School board members and district leaders worked with parents, students, staff and community members to guide the development of a new strategic plan. The community conversations focused energy and ideas on common goals and priorities. From this work, Summit School District developed VISION2020 – a five year effort to elevate student achievement through innovative learning models and programs.

Mission Statement: In a safe environment, we will do whatever it takes for the academic and character success of every student to develop as a lifelong learner and responsible citizen. In order to accomplish this, we will engage every student every day in intellectually challenging and meaningful learning to give all students the resources necessary to prepare them to achieve their greatest potential and to meet the expectations of the future.

Champion Student Success: Summit School District will be ranked in the top 5% of school districts in Colorado for academic performance.

Empower Student – Centered Learning: Summit School District will deliver student-centered instruction in every classroom, every day and provide International Baccalaureate (IB) inquiry-based, real-world, curriculum and experiences that prepare students for the jobs of the future.

Develop Caring Learners: Summit School District will support the social-emotional and physical well-being of every student through positive relationships, safe environments and inclusive student climates.

Staff-Shared Commitments:

We work together in an atmosphere of trust, integrity and mutual respect to provide state-of-the-art education.

We provide educators with the training and tools necessary to teach all students to their fullest potential.

We are committed to rigorous, relevant and well-researched curriculum which is continuously reviewed.

We implement the International Baccalaureate (IB) Frameworks, Units of Study and Learner Profile attributes in every classroom.

We utilize 21st century tools in a culturally inclusive environment to meet the needs of each student.

We are committed to providing the resources, facilities, communications and systems necessary to attain these goals.

<u>Professional Learning Time:</u> In 2006-07, the District created an opportunity of nearly two hours a week for teacher professional learning by adjusting the weekly school schedule to release students early on Monday afternoons and lengthen the days on Tuesday through Friday. This change resulted in no loss of learning time for students. This weekly time for teacher collaboration has allowed our teachers the opportunity to work together on a consistent basis to get very clear on course curriculum and expectations for student learning, to develop consistent assessments of this learning, to focus on character education and bullying prevention strategies and to share and learn strategies for students whose behavior and/or achievement data indicate that they either need more help or need more enrichment in their classes in order to be more successful in school. This time has been very productive and will be continued into future school years.

<u>District Wide International Baccalaureate (IB):</u> The District continues on its vision to be one of only a handful of Districts that is a District Wide International Baccalaureate school system.

<u>Fiscal Responsibility</u>: The Board of Education has put into practice strong financial policies and practices which has resulted in the Summit School District being in sound financial condition. These financial policies include:

- A balanced budget
 - Expenses are adjusted to annual revenues
- Unrestricted fund balance for unforeseen events
 - Goal of 7% of General Fund expenses or 17 days
- Annual independent audit
- Quarterly financial reports
- Financial information posted on web site for fiscal transparency

Budget Planning: With the unprecedented economic impacts of COVID-19, state funding for schools was reduced 5% for the 2020-21 school year. This reduction in funding doubled the negative factor, making the total reduction to K-12 funding \$1.1 billion. The District is filling the funding shortfall for the 2020-21 school year with spend down of reserves, however will have to rebalance the budget for the 2021-22 school year.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Business Services department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Superintendent and Board of Education for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Summit School District's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kara Drake

Chief Financial Officer



Summit School District 2020-2021 Organizational Chart

Summit County Scholars, Families & Community

Board of Education

Kate Hudnut - President; Tracey Carisch - Vice President; Gini Bradley - Secretary; Chris Alleman - Treasurer;
Gloria Quintero - Director; Consuelo Redhorse - Director; Isabel Rodriguez - Director

Executive Assistant to Superintendent and Board of Education *Molly Speer*

Superintendent

Dr. Marion Smith Jr.

Communications Coordinator Mikki Grebetz

Chief Financial
Officer
Kara Drake

Chief Operating
Officer
Drew Adkins

Chief Human Resources Officer *Trisha Forman* Chief Academic Officer Mary Kay Dore

School Principals

Breckenridge Elementary - Khristian Brace
Dillon Valley Elementary - Kendra Carpenter
Frisco Elementary - Laura Rupert
Silverthorne Elementary - Louise Wacaser
Summit Cove Elementary - Crystal Miller
Upper Blue Elementary - Robyn Sutherland
Summit Middle School - Greg Guevara
Snowy Peaks Middle & High School- James Smith
Summit High School - Tim Ridder

Alicia Boles-Fry-Payroll
Jill Housh-Accts Payable
Cynthia Baucom-Food
Services Manager
Kelly Ash-Grant Coordinator
Krissy Moulton-Admin. Asst.

Woody Bates-Facilities Manager
Bryan Donahue-Network
Manager
Lisa Casey-Transportation
Manager
Brandon Smith --Safety &
Security Mgr.

Amanda Southern-Admin. Asst.

Bruce Buehner-Tech. Support Specialist
Melanie Linger-Student Information
Coordinator

Jeannie Church - Tech. Student Support
Specialist
Vacant-Tech. Student Support Specialist

Hanna Waugh-HR Specialist Sara Westenskow-HR Specialist Substitute Teachers Liz Strempke-Director Elementary Education
Lana McLaughlin-Director Secondary Education
Ellen Clark-Director of Special Services
Roxy Rosenthal-Administrative Assistant

Ben Lausten-Curriculum & PD Coordinator
Mark Clark-Curriculum & PD Coordinator
Rita Tracy-Language Development & Equity Coordinator
Ross Morgan-Data & Assessment Coordinator
Shannon Adam-Literacy Coordinator
Beth Wells - Literacy Coordinator
Peder Hansen-IB & Authentic Learning TOSA
Elizabeth Edgar-Health Coordinator
Kristin Sposato-Preschool Coordinator
Kimberly Guarino-Early Childhood Registrar
Angelica Mascarenas-District Community Liaison/Translator

Revised 2020.09.01

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SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Summit County, Colorado

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board of Education

Kate Hudnut	President
Tracey Carisch	Vice President
Gini Bradley	Secretary
Chris Alleman	Treasurer
Gloria Quintero	Director
Consuelo Redhorse	Director
Isabel Rodriguez	Director

District Administration

Dr. Marion Smith, Jr	Superintendent
Kara Drake	
Mary Kay Doré	
Drew Adkins	
TBD	

Summit School District is an equal opportunity education institution and does not unlawfully discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex, sexual orientation or disability in admission or access to, or treatment, or employment in, its education programs or activities and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. Inquiries concerning non-discrimination policies may be referred to the Summit School District Attn: Superintendent, P.O. Box 7, Frisco, CO 80443, (970) 368-1000.

MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

CHAPEL SQUARE, BLDG C 245 CHAPEL PLACE, SUITE 300 P.O. Box 5850, Avon, CO 81620

WEB SITE: WWW.MCMAHANCPA.COM Main Office: (970) 845-8800 FACSIMILE: (970) 845-8108 E-MAIL: MCMAHAN@MCMAHANCPA.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education **Summit School District RE-1** Frisco, Colorado

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summit School District RE-1, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this include the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud of error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considered internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also include evaluation of the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant account estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Paul J. Backes, CPA, CGMA MICHAEL N. JENKINS, CA, CPA, CGMA DANIEL R. CUDAHY, CPA, CGMA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S OPINION To the Board of Education Summit School District RE-1

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summit School District RE-1, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. As a result of the implementation, the County reported a restatement of beginning fund balance in the Pupil Activity Fund for the change in accounting policies, as detailed in note V.D. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Pension Contributions, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities, Schedule of District's Other Post-Employment Benefit Contributions, and the Notes to the Required Supplemental Information in Section E, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules in Section E are not a required part of the District's basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements, or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements taken as whole. The introductory section, combining fund financial statements, individual budgetary schedules, the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures and the statistical section listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, the individual budgetary schedules, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S OPINION
To the Board of Education
Summit School District RE-1

Other Matters (continued)

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the finance statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Additionally, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in the Single Audit section is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and is not a required part of the District's financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying account and other records used to prepare the financial statements, or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepting in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contract, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and on compliance.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.
McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

November 24, 2020

Summit School District RE-1

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Summit School District Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

As management of Summit School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-viii of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities of the District exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,678,842.
 Of this amount, \$10,504,110 is restricted in its use to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students and creditors.
- The District's total net position increased by \$8,215,913.
- ❖ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,793,204, a decrease of \$7,787,889 in comparison with the prior year. \$9,971,750 is available for spending at the District's discretion.
- ❖ At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,989,007 or 23.1% percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's general obligation debt decreased to a balance of \$79,200,000. As of June 30, 2020, the district has three outstanding general obligation bonds from 2004B, 2012 and 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-wide Financial Statements: The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and changes in long-term compensated absences).

Both of the district-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities).

Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instructional
services, support services, food service, and student activities. Such services include activities relating
to building maintenance, technology and administration.

The district-wide financial statement includes only the Summit School District and no other entities. The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages C1-C2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the operations of the District by fund instead of the District as a whole. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Summit School District maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The five major funds, general fund, grant fund, debt service fund, building fund and supplemental capital construction and technology fund are presented separately and the food service fund, kindergarten fund, pupil activity, transportation fund and capital reserve fund are presented as one total.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with state budget statutes.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages C3-C6.

Proprietary Funds: The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses an internal service fund to account for its employee health and dental benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the district-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages C7-C9 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found in Section D of this report.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information. Immediately following the notes are the statements reporting the District's annual appropriated budgets. These budget reports can be found on pages E1-F12.

District-wide Financial Analysis:

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's total net position was \$(1,678,842), which included the District's net pension and OPEB liability of \$71,703,051. This net liability is the District's proportionate share of the School Division Trust Fund pension and other post-employment benefits liability, administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado. This was determined by an actual valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019.

Summit School District - Summary of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
		FY 2020		FY 2019	
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$	37,775,416	\$	42,214,323	
Capital assets		167,605,418		168,833,579	
Total Assets	\$	205,380,834	\$	211,047,902	
Deferred Outflows	\$	10,071,705	\$	26,047,285	
Liabilities:					
Other liabilities	\$	16,673,526	\$	13,706,490	
Long-term liabilities		153,628,052		172,644,967	
Total Liabilities	\$	170,301,578	\$	186,351,457	
Deferred Inflows	\$	46,829,803	\$	61,369,235	
Net Position					
Net investment					
in capital assets		82,789,261		82,589,481	
Restricted		10,504,110		11,259,848	
Unrestricted		(94,972,213)		(104,474,834)	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(1,678,842)	\$	(10,625,505)	

Of the District's total net position, \$82,789,261 is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and equipment). The district uses these capital assets to provide services to its students and the community; consequently, these assets are not available for further spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from property taxes, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$10,504,110, represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The District's June 30, 2020 unrestricted net position (\$94,972,213) is a result of reporting the net pension and OPEB obligation of \$71,703,051.

Summit School District - Statement of Activities:

	Governmental Activities				
		FY 2020		FY 2019	
Revenues:		_			
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	1,791,358	\$	1,248,016	
Operating grants and					
contributions		3,988,746		4,351,476	
Capital grants and		70,499		-	
contributions					
General revenues					
Property taxes		42,769,525		38,381,181	
Specific ownership taxes		2,041,931		2,211,655	
State revenue		6,609,459		9,685,376	
Grants and contributions		1,175,240		1,068,667	
Investment earnings		388,361		875,059	
Other		506,344		22,087	
Total revenues		59,341,463		57,843,517	
Expenditures:					
Direct instruction		26,595,362		26,456,861	
Indirect instruction		6,752,045		6,183,136	
Transportation		1,604,733		1,673,917	
Custodial maintenance		5,782,496		4,728,831	
Support services		2,461,366		2,396,478	
General administration		3,162,745		3,055,948	
Community service		8,923		2,750	
Food service		1,231,276		1,471,318	
Student activities		642,469		-	
Interest		2,884,135		3,020,278	
Total expenses		51,125,550		48,989,517	
Change in net position		8,215,913		8,854,000	
Net position- July 1 (restated)		(9,894,755)		(19,479,505)	
Net position - June 30	\$	(1,678,842)	\$	(10,625,505)	

Most school district's operating revenues comes from the School Finance Act of 1994 ("SFA"). Under this act, the District received \$8,808.54 per funded pupil in fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the funded pupil count was 3,511.0. SFA funding comes from general fund property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and state equalization. The District received 82% of SFA funding from property taxes and specific ownership tax and 18% from the state.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,793,204 a decrease of \$7,787,889 from the prior year ending fund balances. This decrease is primarily the result of spending the Bond funding passed by voters in November 2016. A total of \$1,333,602 is assigned for building projects over the next year. A total of \$9,989,007 is available for spending at the District's discretion. The general fund accounts for \$11,208,118 of the total fund balance.

The following graph provides a view of the District's ending fund balances, not including the building fund, for the last eight fiscal years:



Budget Variances in the General Fund: The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

One of the most important variances to discuss is budgeted vs. actual revenues and expenditures in the general fund. Actual revenues were unfavorable to the final budget by \$94,363 primarily due to decreases in tuition and fees and interest earnings. Actual expenditures, excluding contingency, were \$1,933,115 less than budgeted primarily due to savings in substitute teacher costs and delay in the planned spending of reserves for curriculum materials. Other financing sources were \$226,063 less than budgeted. The final budget adopted in June 2020, had planned to decrease the balance in reserves \$3,327,282, however, due to savings in expenditures, the actual result was a decrease in the ending fund balance of the general fund of \$1,262,467.

The District has prepared a budget that uses \$4,437,912 in fund balance for the next fiscal year. The spend down of reserves is due to one-time expenditures for curriculum and one-year reserve spending to cover the reduction in State funding due to the economic impacts of COVID-19. Once the full economic impacts of

COVID-19 are realized, the district will need to balance the ongoing revenues and expenditures in the 2021-22 budget.

Capital Assets: The District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$167,605,418 as of June 30, 2020. The District capitalizes assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress, with an original cost greater than \$5,000 and useful life of more than two years. The District is nearing completion of the Professional Development building and deficiency projects in all buildings that were funded by a November 2016 Bond election. The district has \$3,960,455 in construction commitments as of June 30, 2020.

Additional information as well as a detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statement on page D15 of this report.

Long-Term Debt: As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's long-term liabilities totaled \$159,318,052, representing a net decrease of \$18,831,915. This decrease in long-term debt is primarily due to a decrease in the District's net pension liability for PERA.

Colorado School law limits the amount of bonded indebtedness to the greater of 20% of the most current valuation for assessment of the taxable property in the District as certified by the County Assessor's Office, or 6% of the most recent actual valuation of the taxable property in the District, as certified by the County Assessor's Office. The District's legal bonded debt limit as of June 30, 2020 is \$372,804,904.

Additional information, as well as a detailed classification of the District's total long-term liabilities, can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages D16 – D35 of this report.

Economic Factors

The Public School Finance Act of 1994 is the largest source of revenue for the District's operating funds. The School Finance Act calculates per-pupil funding by school district based upon a formula that takes in to account cost of living, number of students, district size, personnel vs. non-personnel costs, number of at-risk students, amongst other factors. The purpose of this act was to establish a financial base of support for public education, to move towards a uniform mill levy tax state-wide for all districts, and to limit future growth of and reliance upon property tax to support public education. Funding sources for the School Finance Act is derived by the following formula:

Total Program Funding = local property taxes + general specific ownership taxes + State equalization

School District Finance Act is also significantly affected by Amendment 23, which was approved by the voters in November, 2000. This state constitutional amendment requires that statewide base per pupil funding and state categorical program funding increase by inflation plus one percent for ten years beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. After that ten-year window has expired, the state must increase funding at the rate of inflation. This funding calculation attempts to align Colorado districts to inflation-adjusted funding levels of 1988. The formula will also increase the District's reliance upon the state and decrease the District's reliance upon local funding over time. However, due to the decline in the national and state economy, the State of Colorado has not fully funded Amendment 23 levels for the 2019-20 school year, and has not since the 2009-2010 school year.

Next Year's Budget and Rates: The District's General Fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2020 totaled \$11,208,118. The fiscal year 2020 budget anticipates to spend this balance down by \$4,437,912.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Summit School District, Chief Financial Officer, PO Box 7, Frisco, Colorado 80443.

Summit School District RE-1

Financial Section



Summit School District RE-1

District-Wide Financial Statements



SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 33,526,548
Accounts receivable	265,998
Taxes receivable	2,309,109
Due from other governments	1,058,114
Prepaid expenses Inventory	570,573 45,074
Total Current Assets	37,775,416
Capital Assets:	
Land	10,702,591
Construction in progress	3,960,455
Buildings	220,121,672
Equipment and vehicles	7,530,107
Less accumulated depreciation	(74,709,407)
Total Capital Assets	167,605,418
Total Assets	205,380,834
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Related to pension expenses	9,446,374
Related to other post-employment expenses	263,630
Deferred charge on refunding	361,701
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,071,705
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	0.000.504
Accounts, retainage, arbitrage and deposits payable	3,022,581
Accrued compensation Accrued interest	5,319,010
Unearned revenue	286,074 2,355,861
Bonded debt payable - due within one year	5,690,000
Total Current Liabilities	16,673,526
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonded debt payable - due in more than one year	80,779,140
Compensated absences and early retirement - due in more than one year	1,145,861
Net pension and OPEB liability:	00 040 000
Due in more than one year - pension	68,343,303
Due in more than one year - OPEB	3,359,748
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	153,628,052
Total Liabilities	170,301,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Related to pension expenses	46,209,162
Related to other post-employment expenses Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	620,640 46,829,803
	13,323,000
Net Position:	00 700 064
Net investment in capital assets	82,789,261
Restricted for: TABOR	1 046 700
Debt service	1,046,700
Other purposes	9,125,225 332,185
Unrestricted	(94,972,213)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,678,842)

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Expenses		Program narges for Services	(enues Operating Grants and ontributions	Gra	Capital ants and tributions	Re C N	(Expenses) evenues and changes in et Position evernmental Activities
Functions/Programs									
Governmental Activities:									
Direct instruction	\$ 26,595,362	\$	436,075	\$	2,227,904	\$	70,499	\$	(23,860,884)
Indirect instruction	6,752,045		-		882,034		-		(5,870,011)
Transportation	1,604,733		90,916		-		-		(1,513,817)
Custodial and maintenance	5,782,496		-		-		-		(5,782,496)
Support services	2,461,366		-		98,703		-		(2,362,663)
General administration	3,162,745		-		-		-		(3,162,745)
Community service	8,923		<u>-</u>		-		-		(8,923)
Food service	1,231,276		525,486		780,105		-		74,315
Student activities	642,469		738,881		-		-		96,412
Interest	2,884,135								(2,884,135)
Total governmental activities	51,125,550		1,791,358		3,988,746		70,499		(45,274,947)
	General revenue	es:							
	Property taxes	levied	for general pu	urpose	es				34,346,512
	Property taxes								8,423,013
	Specific owner	ship tax	xes						2,041,931
	State revenue	-							6,609,459
	Grants and cor	ntributio	ons not restric	ted to	specific progr	ams			1,175,240
	Gain on asset	disposi	tion						506,344
	Interest and in	vestme	nt earnings						388,361
	Total gener	ral reve	nues						53,490,860
	Change in net position						8,215,913		
	Net position - beg	ginning	(restated)						(9,894,755)
	Net position - end	ding						\$	(1,678,842)

Summit School District RE-1

Fund Financial Statements



SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Grant Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Building Fund	Supplemental Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 17,149,135 259,861 1,677,099	\$ - - -	\$ 8,852,509 - 463,593	\$ 1,291,282 - -	\$ 2,865,586 - 120,875	\$ 1,013,747 6,137 47,542	\$ 31,172,259 265,998 2,309,109
Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories and prepaid expenses	603,529 - 172,411	248,025 2,132,174 17,257	87,754 - 	- - -	21,119 - 48,719	97,687 - 45,074	1,058,114 2,132,174 283,461
Total Assets	19,862,035	2,397,456	9,403,856	1,291,282	3,056,299	1,210,187	37,221,115
Liabilities:							
Accounts and deposits payable Accrued compensation Due to other funds Unearned revenue:	424,258 4,947,118 2,132,174	19,000 202,792 -	602 - -	30,450 - -	1,729,827 - -	32,157 169,100 -	2,236,294 5,319,010 2,132,174
Other	140,012	2,175,664				35,410	2,351,086
Total Liabilities	7,643,562	2,397,456	602	30,450	1,729,827	236,667	12,038,564
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable property taxes	1,010,355		278,029		72,448	28,515	1,389,347
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Spendable:	172,411	17,257	-	-	48,719	45,074	283,461
Restricted Committed Assigned	1,046,700	- - -	9,125,225 - -	- - 1,260,832	1,205,305 -	- - 899,931	10,171,925 1,205,305 2,160,763
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	9,989,007	(17,257)	9,125,225	1,260,832	1,254,024	945,005	9,971,750
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 19,862,035	\$ 2,397,456	\$ 9,403,856	\$ 1,291,282	\$ 3,056,299	\$ 1,210,187	\$ 37,221,115

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Governmental Funds Total Fund Balance	\$ 23,793,204
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	242,314,825
Accumulated depreciation is not recognized in the governmental funds because capital assets are expensed at the time of acquisition.	(74,709,407)
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred	1,384,571
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the cost of employee health and dental benefits to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.	1,900,186
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of bonded debt payable.	(79,200,000)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds. Interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, while interest is recorded when incurred in the Statement of Activities. This is interest payable for the year.	(286,074)
Deferred items such as premiums and deferred refunding costs are treated as current transactions on the fund financial statements but are capitalized and amortized on the Statement of Net Position.	(6,907,437)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of compensated absences not currently payable.	(1,145,861)
Long-term liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of the District's net pension and OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in pension and OPEB related actuarial assumptions, proportion of collective pension and OPEB amounts, differences between actual and expected experience and investments earnings, and differences between actual and annualized contributions to the pension and OPEB plan, that are amortized over the average remaining service life of all active	
and inactive plan participants.	 108,822,849)
Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ (1,678,842)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Grant Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Building Fund	Supplemental Capital Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
General property taxes	\$ 30,418,160	\$ -	\$ 8,423,013	\$ -	\$ 2,192,448	\$ 863,676	\$ 41,897,297
Specific ownership taxes	2,041,931	-	-	-	-	-	2,041,931
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Federal sources	445,427	1,225,153	-	-	-	738,400	2,408,980
State sources	7,911,442	211,787	-	340,917	-	312,718	8,776,864
Charges for services	493,601	-	-	-	-	1,269,367	1,762,968
Investment income	357,352	-	-	31,009	-	-	388,361
Other revenue	774,187	101,167				92,616	967,970
Total Revenues	42,442,100	1,538,107	8,423,013	371,926	2,192,448	3,276,777	58,244,371
Expenditures:							
Direct instruction	26,722,145	1,025,215	-	-	-	-	27,747,360
Indirect instruction	6,414,514	467,987	-	-	450,681	-	7,333,182
Transportation	67,445	-	-	-	-	1,503,856	1,571,301
Custodial and maintenance	4,631,966	44,905	-	-	82,153	59,385	4,818,409
Support services	2,014,784	-	-	-	130,104	-	2,144,888
General administration	3,329,393	-	-	-	5,470	2,157	3,337,020
Student activities						642,468	642,468
Food service operations	44,483	-	-	-	-	1,366,930	1,411,413
Debt Service							
Principal	-	-	5,505,000	-	-	-	5,505,000
Interest	-	-	3,700,375	-	-	-	3,700,375
Fiscal charges	-	-	18,421	-	-	-	18,421
Capital outlay	-	-	, <u>-</u>	4,458,786	4,008,068	66,320	8,533,174
Total Expenditures	43,224,730	1,538,107	9,223,796	4,458,786	4,676,476	3,641,116	66,763,011
Excess (Deficiency) or Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(782,630)		(800,783)	(4,086,860)	(2,484,028)	(364,339)	(8,518,640)
Other Financing Sources (Hess)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in						479,837	479,837
Transfers (out)	- (470.027)	-	-	-	-	479,037	,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(479,837)					479,837	(479,837)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(479,837)				<u> </u>	479,837	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,262,467)	-	(800,783)	(4,086,860)	(2,484,028)	115,498	(8,518,640)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year (restated)	12,470,585		9,926,008	5,347,692	3,738,052	829,507	32,311,844
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 11,208,118	\$ -	\$ 9,125,225	\$ 1,260,832	\$ 1,254,024	\$ 945,005	\$ 23,793,204

Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(8,518,640)
Changes:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlay reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds functions.		8,516,650
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense for the year.		(10,243,871)
Unavailable property tax revenue does not provide a current financial resource and is a deferred inflow on the governmental fund financial statements; not recognized on the government-wide financial statements. This is the unavailable property tax revenue not on the Statement of Activities		872,229
An internal service fund is used by the District's management to charge the costs of employee health and dental benefits to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included within governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.		(319,532)
Retirement of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount of principal repayments.		5,505,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differed from the amount reported in the governmental funds. Interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, while interest is recorded when incurred in the Statement of Activities. This is the change in accrued interest payable during the year.		14,250
Premiums on refunded bonds are an increase in current available resources on the fund financial statements, but in the government wide financial statements these premiums are offset against the unamortized amounts of the refunded bonds, and the related refunding costs. Premiums and deferred refunding costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds. This represents the current year amortization District's deferred outflows the year.		801,990
Changes in the District's net pension and OPEB obligation reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in District's net pension and OPEB obligation during the year, including differences between employer contributions to the pension and OPEB plan and amortization of pension and OPEB-related deferrals.		11,118,953
Accrued compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued compensated absences during the year.		(30,175)
Governmental Activities Change in Net Position	\$	8,215,913
DETERMINENT OF THE POST OF THE	Ψ	3,213,010

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

		Governmental Activities -		
		Internal Service Fund		
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,35	4,290		
Deposits	33	2,185		
Total Assets	2,68	6,475		
Liabilities:				
Accounts and deposits payable	78	6,288		
Total Liabilities	78	6,288		
Net Position:				
Restricted	33	2,185		
Unrestricted		8,001		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,90	0,186		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal
	Service Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 4,297,141
Stop loss reimbursements	654,607
Total Operating Revenues	4,951,748
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased services	5,271,280
Total Operating Expenses	5,271,280
Change in Net Position	(319,532)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	2,219,718
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 1,900,186

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal	
	Se	rvice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers and employees	\$	4,951,748
Cash paid for goods and services		(5,015,420)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(63,672)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(63,672)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year		2,417,962
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	\$	2,354,290
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(319,532)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in deposits		(6,245)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		262,105
Total Adjustments		255,860
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(63,672)

Summit School District RE-1

Notes to the Financial Statements



Summit School District RE-1 **Notes to the Financial Statements** June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Summit School District (the "District") was formed in 1958 by a state-wide reorganization of school districts. The District operates under a locally elected Board of Education with seven members and provides educational services to approximately 3,600 students. The District's mission is "in a safe environment, we will do whatever it takes for the academic and character success of every student to develop as a lifelong learner and responsible citizen." The District operates the following schools:

Elementary Schools					
Breckenridge Elementary					
Dillon Valley Elementary					
Frisco Elementary					
Silverthorne Elementary					

Summit Cove Elementary Upper Blue Elementary

Middle Schools **High Schools**

Summit Middle School Summit High School Snowy Peaks High School

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statement and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District was formed under the laws of the State of Colorado and operates under an elected Board of Education. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District. No additional separate governmental units, agencies or nonprofit organizations are included in the financial statements of the District. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the above criteria, the District is not financially accountable for any other organization.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all the requirements of these funding sources. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both District-wide (financial activities of the overall District, except for fiduciary activities) and fund financial statement (reporting the District's major funds). Both the District-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

1. District-wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts—net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

The District-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net costs by function are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, interest income, etc.).

The District-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements, including fiduciary funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Resources restricted within this fund relate to TABOR reserve requirements (see Note 3.C).

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. One or more specific restricted or committed revenue should be the foundation for the fund. The District reports the following special major revenue funds:

The Grant Fund accounts for all federal, state and local grants which are restricted as to the type of expenditures for which they may be used.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The District reports the following capital projects funds:

The Bond Redemption Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest that have been legally mandated, as well as the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The *Building Fund* accounts for all resources available from bond proceeds for acquiring capital sites, buildings, and equipment.

The Supplemental Capital Fund is used to account for the acquisition of land, construction of new facilities, alterations and improvements to existing structures, and the acquisition of school buses and/or other equipment.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *Health Benefits Internal Service Fund* accounts for the employee health and dental benefits provided to other departments or funds of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The District fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Financial Statement Presentation

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges related to providing insurance to eligible District employees. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of claims and premiums. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The pooled cash concept is used whereby cash balances of each of the District's funds are pooled and invested in certain investments.

2. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value or net asset value. The change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The District records nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts at cost. All other securities are recorded at fair value. It is the intention of the investment pool to maximize interest income, and securities are selected according to their risk, marketability, and diversification. Income earned or losses arising from investment of pooled cash balances are recorded in the General Fund.

3. Receivables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balance outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are levied on or before December 15 of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15. Property taxes levied in 2019 but not yet collected in 2020 are identified as property taxes receivable and deferred revenues at June 30, 2020, and are presented net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in / first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories recorded in the *Food Service Fund* consist of purchased and donated commodities. Donated commodities inventories are offset by unearned revenue. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt. The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or an estimated historical cost if no historical records exists. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed asset, as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets.

Buildings, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment of the District, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

AssetsYearsBuildings and Improvements50 yearsVehicles8 yearsEquipment5 to 15 yearsBuses15 years

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

6. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Vested or accumulated leave in the proprietary fund type is recorded as an expense and a liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with provisions of GASB No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statements of net position. The District records long-term debt of governmental funds at the face value. The District's general obligation bonds are serviced from property taxes and other revenues of the *Bond Redemption Debt Service Fund*. The long-term accumulated unpaid vacation and accrued sick leave are serviced from property taxes and other revenues by the respective fund types from future appropriations.

8. Pensions

The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund ("SCHDTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit ("OPEB") Plan

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

10. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow if resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting under this category on the Statement of Net Position. One item is deferred charge on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding debt. Another item is the collective deferred outflows related to the District's net pension and other post-employment benefit obligations ("OPEB"). Pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension or OPEB liability in future periods. See Notes IV.G and IV.H.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applied to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Collective deferred inflows related to the District's net pension and OPEB obligations are reported on the Statement of Net Position and are amortized over the average remaining service life of all active and inactive plan members. See Notes IV.G and IV.H.

11. Fund Equity

Governmental accounting standards establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications include Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements.

Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the *General Fund*. The *General Fund* should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance. For further details of the various fund balance classifications, refer to Note IV.F.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

12. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made form it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet when they are expected to be liquidated within one year. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". If the receivable or payable is not expected to be liquidated after one year, it is classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds".

E. Significant Accounting Policies

1. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Credit Risk

The receivables of the various funds of the District are primarily due from other governments. Management believes that the credit risk related to the receivables is minimal.

II. Reconciliation of District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position of governmental activities* as reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes reconciliation between *net change in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the District-wide Statement of Activities.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Bond Trustee

Colorado State Statutes require all property taxes levied for the purpose of satisfying bonded indebtedness to be administered by at least one third party custodian designated by the District. The third-party custodian is required to ensure all taxes levied to satisfy the obligations of bonded indebtedness are used accordingly. The District has entered into a custody agreement with UMB Bank in order to meet this requirement.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

B. Budgets and Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. On or about December 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a fiveyear financial projection. This is the basis for budgeting guidelines established by the Board of Education.
- b. By May 31st, the Superintendent submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at a regular Board of Education meeting to obtain taxpayer comment
- d. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- f. The District issues a separate budget document after the budget is approved by the Board of Education.

Colorado Budget Law requires that all funds have legally adopted budgets and appropriations. The total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the amount appropriated. Appropriations for a fund may be increased if unanticipated revenues offset them. Where applicable, the Board of Education includes available fund balance in the amount appropriated in the annual Appropriations Resolution.

Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent of Schools and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year except they exclude appropriated available fund balance. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

The District maintains an operating reserve of the general fund unreserved balance amounting to 7% of the District's current fiscal year adopted expenditure budget as a beneficial and sound financial management practice. Additionally all other funds must have a zero or positive balance at each fiscal year end.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

B. Budgets and Budgetary Information (continued)

Budgets are prepared on a GAAP basis for all funds except the General Fund, which recognized revenue and expense for the proportionate share of the State of Colorado's contribution payment to PERA's School Division Trust Fund. The budget for this fund has been adopted on a non-GAAP budget and are reconciled to GAAP below:

	General
	Fund
Net Change in Fund Balances - Budget Basis	\$ (1,262,467)
Add/(less):	
Pension direct distribution - Special funding	656,554
Pension expense - Special funding	(656,554)
Net Change in Fund Balances - GAAP Basis	\$ (1,262,467)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Health Benefits fund by \$393,880. This may be a violation of Colorado budget law.

C. TABOR Amendment – Revenue and Spending Limitation Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% of adjusted revenue. The District has reserved a portion of its June 30, 2020 year-end fund balance in the General Fund for emergencies as required under Tabor in the amount of \$1,046,700, which is approximately 3% of the fiscal year spending at June 30, 2020.

The initial base for local government's spending and revenue limits is June 30, 1993 fiscal year spending. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

C. TABOR Amendment - Revenue and Spending Limitation Amendment (continued)

In 2000, the District's electorate passed a ballot question exempting the District from the revenue and expenditure limitations imposed by the TABOR Amendment. The District's electorate approved the following ballot question: "without increasing any tax rates or imposing any new tax, shall the Summit School District RE-1 be authorized to collect, keep and expend all district revenues received ... without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution or other laws of the state?"

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures the first \$250,000 of the District's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA.

The District's investment policy permits investments in the following type of obligations:

- U.S. Treasury Obligations (maximum maturity of 60 months)
- Federal Instrumentality Securities (maximum maturity of 60 months)
- FDIC-insured Certificates of Deposit (maximum maturity of 18 months)
- Prime Commercial Paper (maximum maturity of 9 months)
- Local Government Investment Pools
- Money Market Mutual Funds
- Securities specifically approved by the District

Fair Value of Investments

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for <u>identical</u> investments in <u>active</u> markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2020, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	 Total
Colotrust	\$ 22,157,577

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The deposits and investments held by the District at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

			Matur	ities
		Carrying	Less than	Less than
	Rating	 Amounts	One Year	Five Years
Deposits:			_	_
Checking accounts	Not rated	\$ 1,794,167	1,794,167	-
Investments:				
Government Investment Pools	AAAm	22,157,577	22,157,577	-
Cash with Fiscal Agent	Not rated	 9,574,804	9,574,804	
Total		\$ 33,526,548	33,526,548	-

The Investment Pool represents an investment in Colotrust and C-Safe, which are 2a7-like pools. The fair value of the pool is determined by the pool's share price. The District has no regulatory oversight for the pool.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the District diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer. The District coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs and restricts the maximum investment term to less than five years from the purchase date. As a result of the limited length of maturities the District has limited its interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. State law and District policy limit investments to those authorized by State statutes including U.S. Agencies and 2a7-like pools. The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments.

Credit quality distribution for investments, with credit exposure as a percentage of total investments are as follows at year end:

Investment Type	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Government Investment Pools	AAAm	100%

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District diversifies its investments by security type and institution.

- 100% of the District's portfolio may be invested in US Treasury notes, bonds or certificates, US Government sponsored corporations, or the Colotrust or CSAFE investment pool.
- o 50% of the portfolio may be invested in certificates of deposit with no more than 10% held by any one issuer and not exceeding 20% of the issuer's net worth.
- 25% of the portfolio may be invested in bankers' acceptances, (10% per issuer), State or local government bonds (10% per issuer), and repurchase agreements (25% per dealer).
- 10% of the portfolio may be invested in commercial paper and other authorized investments.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the District's funds, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Gr	rant Fund	Re	Bond demption Fund	Sup	plemental Capital Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total
Receivables:								_			-	
Accounts	\$	259,861	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,137	\$	265,998
Taxes		1,677,099		-		463,593		120,875		47,542		2,309,109
Intergovernmental		603,529		248,025		87,754		21,119		97,687		1,058,114
Gross receivables		2,540,489		248,025		551,347		141,994		151,366		3,633,221
Less: allowance for												
uncollectible		-				-						
Net receivables	\$	2,540,489	\$	248,025	\$	551,347	\$	141,994	\$	151,366	\$	3,633,221

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ending June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 986,796	\$ 3,880,164	\$ (906,505)	\$ 3,960,455
Land	10,200,702	850,000	(348,111)	10,702,591
Total capital assets not depreciated	11,187,498	4,730,164	(1,254,616)	14,663,046
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	214,853,904	5,267,768	-	220,121,672
Vehicles	4,553,065	241,809	-	4,794,874
Equipment	2,704,649	30,584	-	2,735,233
Total capital assets being depreciated	222,111,618	5,540,161		227,651,779
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	(59,812,568)	(9,850,270)	-	(69,662,838)
Vehicles	(2,467,495)	(296,303)	-	(2,763,798)
Equipment	(2,185,474)	(97,297)		(2,282,771)
Total accumulated depreciation	(64,465,537)	(10,243,870)		(74,709,407)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 168,833,579	\$ 26,455	\$ (1,254,616)	\$ 167,605,418

The District had the following capital outlay and depreciation expense for the following functions:

Governmental activities:	Capital Outlay			epreciation
Direct instruction	\$	4,624,015	\$	5,561,788
Indirect instruction		1,226,047		1,474,696
Transportation		273,091		328,476
Custodial and maintenance		1,442,584		1,735,147
Support services		387,011		465,498
General administration		556,484		669,342
Communityservice		7,418		8,923
Total Governmental activities	\$	8,516,650	\$	10,243,870

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

D. Transfers

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) provide additional resources for current operations or debt service.

All District transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

The following interfund transfers occurred during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	7	ransfers In (Out)
General fund	\$	(479,837)
Transportation fund		399,137
Food service fund		80,700
Total	\$	-

E. Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

The District has the following long-term debt outstanding for governmental activities:

1. 2004B General Obligation Bonds

The District issued \$32,575,000 of General Obligation Bonds (the "2004B Bonds") dated December 14, 2004. Proceeds from the 2004B Bonds were used to finance improvements to District facilities.

The interest rates on the Series 2004B Bonds ranges from 3.8% to 5.0% and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 through 2024. The 2004B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. These bonds will be serviced by the Bond Redemption Fund.

The District advance refunded \$29,740,000 of its General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004B on January 5, 2012 (see Note E2).

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt – Governmental Activities (continued)

2. 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

The District issued \$29,740,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "2012 Bonds") dated January 5, 2012. Proceeds from the 2012 Bonds were used to advance refund a portion of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004B (see note E4). The Series 2004B Bonds being refunded mature in the years 2014 through 2024. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,722,778. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

The interest rates on the Series 2012 Bonds ranges from 1.5% to 5% and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 through 2024. The 2011 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. These bonds will be serviced by the Bond Redemption Fund.

Additionally, the District issued \$740,000 of Registered Coupons evidencing additional interest on the Series 2012 Bonds, with interest rates ranging from .60% to 1.10%. The principal matures in various increments on December 1 through 2024.

3. 2017 General Obligation Bonds

The District issued \$68,445,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "2017 Bonds) dated January 24,2017. Proceeds from the 2017 Bonds were used to finance capital projects and construction for the District.

The interest rates on the Series 2017 Bonds ranges from 4.0% to 5.0% and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 through 2036. The 2017 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity. These bonds are serviced by the Bond Redemption Fund.

4. Defeasance of Debt

As noted above, proceeds of the refunding bond issues were used to purchase U.S. government securities to retire outstanding issuances. Sufficient U.S. government, state and local governmental securities were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the District's financial records. The District is unable to determine the amount of defeased bonds outstanding at year-end.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt – Governmental Activities (continued)

5. Schedule of Future Payment

Annual debt service requirement to maturity for general obligation bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest			Total
2019-2020	\$ 5,690,000	\$	3,488,300	\$	9,178,300
2020-2021	5,945,000		3,239,850		9,184,850
2021-2022	6,185,000		2,971,525		9,156,525
2022-2023	6,485,000		2,715,325		9,200,325
2023-2024	6,710,000		2,481,675		9,191,675
2025-2029	16,760,000		9,797,250		26,557,250
2030-2034	21,390,000		5,075,025		26,465,025
2035-2039	10,035,000		507,875		10,542,875
Totals	\$79,200,000	\$	30,276,825	\$	109,476,825

6. Changes in General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	July 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2020	_	Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:				_		
General Obligation Bonds:						
Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	20,520,000		- (3,120,000)	17,400,000		3,210,000
GO Bonds 2017	64,185,000		- (2,385,000)	61,800,000		2,480,000
Unamortized premium	8,245,010		- (975,870)	7,269,140		-
Compensated absences	1,115,686	30,1	75 -	1,145,861		-
Net OPEB liability	3,999,738		- (639,990)	3,359,748		-
Net unfunded pension liability	80,084,533		- (11,741,230)	68,343,303		
Governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$ 178,149,967	\$ 30,1	75 \$ (18,862,090)	\$ 159,318,052	\$	5,690,000

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Fund Balance Disclosures

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts inherently non-spendable since they represent inventories, prepaid items, long-term portions of loans receivable, etc.

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has the following restrictions on fund balance at June 30, 2020:

TABOR	\$	1,046,700
Debt Service		9,125,225
	\$ ^	10,504,110

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority, which is the School Board of the District. The District's original budget legislation begins with combining historical data, assessment of needs for the upcoming year and the District's platform to review, and/or make changes to each department's budget. The budget is formally presented to the School Board of the District via an advertised public process for their review, revisions and final approval by year-end. All subsequent budget requests made during the year, after School Board approval, must be presented via a public process and again approved by the School Board of the District.

Assigned – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the School Board of the District, or its management designees.

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other categories mentioned above. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit this, such as grant agreements that require dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts when expenditures are made. The District does not have an adopted minimum fund balance policy; however, the District's budget includes calculations of targeted reserve positions, which is reported annually to the School Board of the District.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Plan Description: Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019: PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase for 2019 is 0.00 percent for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007, and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contribution provisions as of December 31, 2019: Eligible employees, the District, and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2019
	through
	June 30, 2020
Employer Contribution Rate	10.40%
Amount of the Employer Contribution apportioned	
to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in	
C.R.S. 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED)	
as specified in C.R.S. 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization	
Disbursement (SAED as presented in C.R.S. 24-	
51-411	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	19.38%

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Subsequent to the SCHDTF's December 31, 2019, measurement date, HB 20-1379 Suspend Direct Distribution to PERA Public Employees Retirement Association for 2020-21 Fiscal Year, was passed into law during the 2020 legislative session and signed by Governor Polis on June 29, 2020. This bill suspends the July 1, 2020, \$225 million direct distribution allocated to the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions, as required under Senate Bill 18-200.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$5,392,457 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities: The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$68,343,303 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The District's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability	\$ 68,343,303
The State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability as a nonemployer contributing	
entity associated with the District	7,692,751
Total	\$ 76,036,054

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportionate share was 0.4575%, as compared to its proportionate share of 0.4523% at December 31, 2018.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Pension Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$(11,343,923) and revenue (expense) of \$(274,196) for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
			_
\$	3,724,755	\$	-
	1,951,097		30,999,875
	-		8,095,945.00
	1,079,986		7,113,342.00
	2,690,536		-
\$	9,446,374	\$	46,209,162
	O F	\$ 3,724,755 1,951,097 - 1,079,986 2,690,536	Outflows of Resources I \$ 3,724,755 \$ 1,951,097 - 1,079,986 2,690,536

\$2,690,536, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability calculated at the December 31, 2020 measurement date. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30,	Amortization		
2021	\$ (21,907,122)		
2022	(15,110,154)		
2023	317,952		
2024	(2,754,000)		
	\$ (39,453,324)		

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40%
Real wage growth	1.10%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50% - 9.70%
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Future post-retirement benefit increases:	
Discount rate	7.25%
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	1.25%
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior after 12/31/06	
(ad hoc, substantively automatic)	Financed by the
	Annual Increase Reserve

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the
 active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan
 members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total
 covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in
 effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200. Employee
 contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total
 service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR
 amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits
 reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net
 position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the
 projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50
 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized
 July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(6.25%)	R	ate (7.25%)		(8.25%)
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	90,637,853	\$	68,343,303	\$	49,625,086

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure. The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

DPS Benefit Structure. The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's contributions to HCTF were approximately \$283,814.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Liabilities. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$3,359,748 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The District proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District proportion was 0.2989%, as compared to its proportion of 0.2940% measured as of December 31, 2018.

Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(46,140). At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expenses and				
actual experience	\$	11,150	\$	564,561
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		-		56,079
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		82,999		-
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		141,607		-
	\$	263,630	\$	620,640

\$141,607, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net other post-employment benefits liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB related expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	Am	ortization
2021	\$	(94,881)
2022		(94,875)
2023		(91,469)
2024		(112,790)
2025		(98,677)
Thereafter		(5,925)
	\$	(498,617)

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

Actuarial cost method

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Price inflation

Real wage growth

Wage inflation

Salary increases, including wage inflation

Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB
plan investment expenses, including price inflation

Discount rate

Health care cost trend rates

PERA benefit structure:

2.40 percent

1.10 percent
3.50 percent in aggregate

7.25 percent

7.25 percent

7.25 percent

Service-based premium subsidy 0.00 percent

PERACare Medicare plans 5.60 percent in 2019, gradually

decreasing to 4.5 percent in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums 3.5 percent for 2019,

gradually rising to 4.50 percent in 2029

Entry age

DPS benefit structure:

Service-based premium subsidy 0.00 percent

PERACare Medicare plans N/A Medicare Part A premiums N/A

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A	
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$601	\$240	
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237	

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty–five or older and who are not eligible for premium–free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators, and projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93
 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates
 for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

 The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

. . . .

	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase in	
	in Trend Rates	Rates	Trend Rates	
Initial PERA Care Medicare Trent Rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%	
Ultimate PERA Care Medicare Trent Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%	
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%	
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%	
Collective Net OPEB Liability	1,097,298,000	1,123,998,000	1,154,852,000	
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	3,279,938	3,359,748	3,451,973	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the
 active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan
 members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total
 covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

H. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%	
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,798,870	\$	3,359,748	\$	2,984,205	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

V. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and distortion of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

Liability and Property. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage for liability, property, errors and omissions, workers' compensation and employee vision. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Employee Health Care. The District has adopted a plan for self-insurance of health and dental benefits for employees which is administered by a third party administrator. The plan provides for the District to pay all allowable health expenses up to \$120,000 annually, for each insured, with all claims for each insured in excess of \$120,000 insured by a "stop-loss" insurance policy. An aggregate overall stop-loss per calendar year, based on a calculation of monthly attachment points, exists under the plan. Claim payments are based specific claims expenses. Estimated amounts of subrogation and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims, if any. Unpaid claims at year end include all allocated claims adjustment expenditures. Claims the have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR") are reported as a liability in the health benefits fund (June 30, 2020 - \$770,908, June 30, 2019 - \$513,034).

V. Other Information (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the balances of unpaid claims during the past two years are as follows:

	Year ended 6/30/19		Year ended 6/30/20	
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$	587,485	\$	513,034
Incurred claims		3,270,216		4,290,301
Claim Payments		(3,344,667)		(4,032,427)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year		513,034		770,908

B. Contingencies

1. Legal Matters

During the normal course of business, the District incurs claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives feel none of these claims or assertions are significant enough that they would materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at June 30, 2020.

2. Federal and State Programs

The District receives revenues from various Federal and State grant programs, which are subject to final review and approval as to allowability by the respective grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

3. Arbitrage Rebate

The proceeds and the interest earned on the proceeds from the General Obligation Bonds - 2004A, 2012, and 2017 are subject to the assessment of an arbitrage penalty if certain conditions are met.

Investment of bond reserves and bond proceeds at net interest rates in excess of the net interest rate being paid on the bonds may cause the District to be subject to an arbitrage penalty on the difference between the net interest earned and net interest paid. This arbitrage penalty would be payable to the U.S. Treasury on the five-year anniversary date of the bonds. Final arbitrage rebate cannot be determined until the bond proceeds are expended.

Summit School District RE-1 Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020 (Continued)

V. Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Contribution Pension Plan – Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description. Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Plan. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy. Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. Member contributions from the District for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018 were \$288,744, \$293,284, and \$284,106 respectively.

D. Restatement of Pupil Activity Fund

In 2020, the District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84 ("GASB 84"), *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for state and local governments. The District previously reported the activity of the Pupil Activity Agency Fund as a fiduciary fund. After implementation of GASB 84, the District has restated the pupil activity fund as a special revenue fund. Accordingly the newly established special revenue fund reports a restated beginning fund balance of \$730,748, which is equal to the restatement of net current assets and current liabilities previous reported in the agency fund. All remaining assets and liabilities, if any, previously reported in the agency fund are not recognized at the fund level under the modified accrual basis of accounting, and have been reclassified as assets and liabilities of the governmental activities as of July 1, 2019.

Summit School District RE-1

Required Supplementary Information



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			2020							2019
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual Amounts
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$	27,098,948	\$	28,048,948	\$	30,418,160	\$	2,369,212	\$	26,217,285
Specific ownership taxes		2,309,100		2,309,100		2,041,931		(267,169)		2,211,655
Federal sources		350,000		350,000		445,427		95,427		408,094
State sources		9,657,861		9,657,861		7,254,888		(2,402,973)		8,747,892
Tuition and fees		566,300		566,300		493,601		(72,699)		545,463
Interest income		400,000		400,000		357,352		(42,648)		505,087
Other revenue		547,700		547,700		774,187		226,487		755,361
Total Revenues		40,929,909	_	41,879,909	_	41,785,546		(94,363)		39,390,837
Expenditures:										
Direct instruction		26,074,962		26,560,873		26,290,260		270,613		23,102,367
Indirect instruction		7,303,120		7,648,150		6,319,765		1,328,385		5,300,208
Transportation		69,022		69,022		48,682		20,340		23,389
Custodial and maintenance		4,703,269		4,765,866		4,592,520		173,346		4,156,713
Support services		2,120,515		2,141,862		1,993,413		148,449		2,050,184
General administration		3,218,651		3,253,766		3,279,053		(25,287)		2,992,712
Food service		61,752		61,752		44,483		17,269		11,908
Total Expenditures	_	43,551,291	_	44,501,291		42,568,176		1,933,115	_	37,637,481
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(2,621,382)	_	(2,621,382)		(782,630)		1,838,752		1,753,356
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers (out)		(705,900)		(705,900)		(479,837)		226,063		(806,543)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(705,900)	_	(705,900)		(479,837)		226,063		(806,543)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures		(0.007.000)		(0.007.000)		(4.000.407)		0.004.045		040.040
and Other Financing (Uses)		(3,327,282)	_	(3,327,282)		(1,262,467)	_	2,064,815		946,813
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:										
Pension direct distribution - Special funding)					656,554				650,382
Pension expense - Special funding						(656,554)				(650,382)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures										
and Other Financing (Uses) - GAAP Basis						(1,262,467)				946,813
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,327,282)		(3,327,282)		(1,262,467)		2,064,815		946,813
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year		12,417,571		12,417,571		12,470,585		53,014		11,523,772
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$	9,090,289	\$	9,090,289	\$	11,208,118	\$	2,117,829	\$	12,470,585

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Fund

Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals For the Year Ended 2019)

		20	20		2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 1,256,691	\$ 3,513,501	\$ 1,225,153	\$ (2,288,348)	\$ 1,108,292
State sources	108,207	263,475	211,787	(51,688)	212,278
Other revenue	155,327	155,327	101,167	(54,160)	198,268
Total Revenues	1,520,225	3,932,303	1,538,107	(2,394,196)	1,518,838
Expenditures:					
Direct instruction	865,637	1,060,314	1,025,215	35,099	1,034,460
Indirect instruction	654,588	2,754,189	467,987	2,286,202	466,494
Custodial and maintenance	-	117,800	44,905	72,895	17,884
Total Expenditures	1,520,225	3,932,303	1,538,107	2,394,196	1,518,838
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year					
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

<u>-</u>	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's portion of the net pension liability	0.4575%	0.4523%	0.5168%	0.5079%	0.5033%	0.4993%	0.5043%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	68,343,303	80,084,533	167,112,041	151,220,933	76,983,045	67,671,377	64,325,033
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	7,692,751	9,633,236	-	-	-	-	-
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	76,036,054	89,717,769	167,112,041	151,220,933	76,983,045	67,671,377	64,325,033
District's covered payroll	26,879,775	24,863,982	23,838,987	23,323,039	22,257,163	21,515,940	20,305,352
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	254%	322%	701%	648%	346%	315%	317%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.10%	59.20%	62.84%	64.07%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within fiscal year. Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2014.

Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	 2020	 2019	_	2018	 2017	_	2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,392,457	\$ 4,901,724	\$	4,583,603	\$ 4,288,601	\$	3,951,621	\$ 3,638,592	\$ 3,245,532
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (5,392,457)	\$ (4,901,724)	\$	(4,583,603)	\$ (4,288,601)	\$	(3,951,621)	\$ (3,638,592)	\$ (3,245,532)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,824,389	\$ 25,618,334	\$	24,273,025	\$ 23,323,039	\$	22,257,163	\$ 21,515,940	\$ 20,305,352
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%		18.88%	18.39%		17.75%	16.91%	15.98%

^{*} Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2014.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2989%	0.2940%	0.2936%	0.2887%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	3,359,747	3,999,737	3,816,133	3,742,978
District's covered payroll	26,879,775	24,863,982	23,838,987	23,323,039
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.50%	16.09%	16.01%	16.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within fiscal year. Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

Schedule of District Other Post-Employment Benefits Contributions Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 283,814	\$ 261,357	\$ 248,117	\$ 232,509
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (283,814)	\$ (261,357)	\$ (248,117)	\$ (232,509)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,824,389	\$ 25,618,334	\$ 24,273,025	\$ 23,323,039
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.00%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

Summit School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

I. Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

1. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:

• The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent.

2. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:

• The single equivalent interest rate ("SEIR") was increased from 4.78 percent to 7.25 percent to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, which no longer resulted in a projected year of depletion of the FNP, thereby eliminating the need to apply the municipal bond index rate.

3. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:

- The single equivalent interest rate ("SEIR") was lowered from 5.26 percent to 4.78 percent to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the FNP, and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate.
- The municipal bond index rate used in the determination of the SEIR changed from 3.86 percent on the prior measurement date to 3.43 percent on the measurement date.

4. Changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.5 percent to 7.25 percent
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90 percent to 3.50 percent
- The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy lives for the School and DPS Divisions was changed to the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments for credibility and gender adjustments of a 93 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and a 113 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2018, or males, and a 68 percent factor applied to ages below 80 and a 106 percent factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2020, for females.
- For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90 percent of RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.
- The mortality assumption for active members was changed to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.
- The rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.35 percent to 0.40 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate (the "SEIR") for the SCHDTF was lowered from 7.50 percent to 5.26 percent to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the fiduciary net position (the "FNP"), and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate
- The SEIR for the DPS Division was lowered from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent, reflecting the change in the long-term expected rate of return.

Summit School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

I. Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (continued)

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs (continued)

5. Changes since the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation

- Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18-month annual increase timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and popup benefit forms.
- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

B. Changes of benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

II. Notes to the Schedule of District Pension Contributions

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

No changes during the years presented.

B. Changes of benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

Summit School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

III. Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

No changes during the years presented.

B. Changes of benefit term

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by terms

No changes during the years presented.

IV. Notes to the Schedule of District OPEB Contributions

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

No changes during the years presented.

B. Changes of benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms

No changes during the years presented.

Summit School District RE-1

Supplementary Information



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Debt Service Fund

Bond Redemption Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		20	20		2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 8,574,408	\$ 8,574,408	\$ 8,423,013	\$ (151,395)	\$ 8,539,525
Total Revenues	8,574,408	8,574,408	8,423,013	(151,395)	8,539,525
Expenditures:					
Debt Service					
Principal	5,505,000	5,505,000	5,505,000	-	5,345,000
Interest	3,700,375	3,700,375	3,700,375	-	3,874,200
Fiscal charges	15,000	25,000	18,421	6,579	20,474
Total Expenditures	9,220,375	9,230,375	9,223,796	6,579	9,239,674
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(645,967)	(655,967)	(800,783)	(144,816)	(700,149)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(645,967)	(655,967)	(800,783)	(144,816)	(700,149)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	10,040,158	10,040,158	9,926,008	(114,150)	10,626,157
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 9,394,191	\$ 9,384,191	\$ 9,125,225	\$ (258,966)	\$ 9,926,008

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Building Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		20	20			2019	
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual Amounts
Revenues:	_	<u> </u>			_		_
State sources	\$ 1,392,600	\$ 1,392,600	\$	340,917	\$ (1,051,683)	\$	1,847,000
Interest income	 			31,009	 31,009		369,972
Total Revenues	1,392,600	1,392,600		371,926	(1,020,674)		2,216,972
Expenditures: Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	7,597,600 7,597,600	7,597,600 7,597,600		4,458,786 4,458,786	3,138,814 3,138,814		31,192,679 31,192,679
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(6,205,000)	 (6,205,000)		(4,086,860)	2,118,140		(28,975,707)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,205,000)	(6,205,000)		(4,086,860)	2,118,140		(28,975,707)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	6,205,000	6,205,000		5,347,692	(857,308)		34,323,399
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 	\$ -	\$	1,260,832	\$ 1,260,832	\$	5,347,692

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Fund

Supplemental Capital Construction, Technology, and Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2	020				2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	F	/ariance Positive legative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:		 					
General property taxes	\$ 1,956,300	\$ 1,956,300	\$	2,192,448	\$	236,148	\$ 1,876,410
Total Revenues	1,956,300	1,956,300		2,192,448		236,148	1,876,410
Expenditures:							
Indirect instruction	519,800	519,800		450,681		69,119	475,571
Custodial and maintenance	60,000	60,000		82,153		(22, 153)	99,192
Support services	130,200	130,200		130,104		96	125,711
General administration	5,000	5,000		5,470		(470)	4,704
Capital Outlay	3,980,000	4,480,000		4,008,068		471,932	333,678
Total Expenditures	4,695,000	5,195,000		4,676,476		518,524	1,038,856
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,738,700)	(3,238,700)		(2,484,028)		754,672	837,554
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	 3,859,100	3,859,100		3,738,052		(121,048)	 2,900,498
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 1,120,400	\$ 620,400	\$	1,254,024	\$	633,624	\$ 3,738,052

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		Special Rev			Total	
	Food Service Fund	Kindergarten Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Transportation Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,884	\$ -	\$ 834,953	\$ 39,140	\$ 72,770	\$ 1,013,747
Accounts receivable	6,137	-	-	-	-	6,137
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	47,542	-	47,542
Due from other governments	89,388	-	-	8,299	-	97,687
Inventories and prepaid expenses	45,074					45,074
Total Assets	207,483		834,953	94,981	72,770	1,210,187
Liabilities:						
Accounts and deposits payable	22,018	-	7,792	2,347	-	32,157
Accrued compensation	104,981	-	-	64,119	-	169,100
Unearned revenue:						
Other liabilities	35,410					35,410
Total Liabilities	162,409		7,792	66,466		236,667
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable property taxes				28,515		28,515
Fund Balances:						
Non-spendable	45,074	_	_	_	-	45,074
Spendable:	-,-					-,-
Assigned	-	-	827,161	-	72,770	899,931
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total Fund Balances	45,074		827,161		72,770	945,005
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,						
and Fund Balances	\$ 207,483	\$ -	\$ 834,953	\$ 94,981	\$ 72,770	\$ 1,210,187

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		Special Re			Total	
	Food Service Fund	Kindergarten Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Transportation Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 863,676	\$ -	\$ 863,676
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal sources	738,400	-	-	-	-	738,400
State sources	34,729	-	-	277,989	-	312,718
Charges for services	530,486	-	738,881	-	-	1,269,367
Other revenue				90,916	1,700	92,616
Total Revenues	1,303,615		738,881	1,232,581	1,700	3,276,777
Expenditures:						
Transportation	-	-	-	1,503,856	-	1,503,856
Custodial and maintenance	-	-	-	59,385	-	59,385
General administration	-	-	-	2,157	-	2,157
Food service operations	1,366,930	-	-	-	-	1,366,930
Student activities			642,468			642,468
Capital outlay	-	-	-	66,320	-	66,320
Total Expenditures	1,366,930		642,468	1,631,718		3,641,116
Excess (Deficiency) or Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(63,315)		96,413	(399,137)	1,700	(364,339)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	80,700	-	_	399,137	_	479,837
Transfers (out)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	80,700	-		399,137		479,837
Net Change in Fund Balance	17,385	-	96,413	-	1,700	115,498
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year (restated)	27,689		730,748		71,070	829,507
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 45,074	\$ -	\$ 827,161	\$ -	\$ 72,770	\$ 945,005

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Fund

Food Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020									2019
		riginal Sudget		Final Budget	-	Actual mounts	P	ariance ositive egative)		Actual mounts
Revenues:										
Federal sources	\$	799,730	\$	799,730	\$	738,400	\$	(61,330)	\$	731,017
State sources		27,000		27,000		34,729		7,729		29,751
Food sales		606,800		606,800		530,486		(76,314)		629,413
Total Revenues		1,433,530		1,433,530		1,303,615		(129,915)		1,390,181
Expenditures:										
Food Service Operations:										
Salaries and employee benefits		819,450		819,450		667,506		151,944		778,771
Purchased services		209,960		209,960		202,455		7,505		201,930
Supplies		22,700		22,700		23,194		(494)		29,217
Food costs		579,520		579,520		473,775		105,745		577,210
Total Expenditures		1,631,630		1,631,630		1,366,930		264,700		1,587,128
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		(198,100)		(198,100)		(63,315)		134,785		(196,947)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in (out)		198,100		198,100		80,700		(117,400)		194,341
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		198,100		198,100		80,700		(117,400)		194,341
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		=		17,385		17,385		(2,606)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year		30,300		30,300		27,689		(2,611)		30,295
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$	30,300	\$	30,300	\$	45,074	\$	14,774	\$	27,689

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Fund

Kindergarten Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020									
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual mounts	
Revenues:											
General property taxes	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	805,416	
Total Revenues										805,416	
Expenditures:											
Direct instruction		-		-		-		-		1,015,248	
General administration		-		-		-		-		2,020	
Total Expenditures				-		-		-		1,017,268	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		_		_		_		_		(211,852)	
										(= : : ; = =)	
Other Financing Sources:											
Transfers in						-				211,852	
Total Other Financing Sources										211,852	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year											
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Fund

Pupil Activity Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	ļ	Final Budget	A	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	_				_			
Tuition and fees	\$ 950,000	\$	950,000	\$	738,881	\$	(211,119)	
Total Revenues	950,000		950,000		738,881		(211,119)	
Expenditures:								
Student activities	950,000		950,000		642,468		307,532	
Total Expenditures	950,000		950,000		642,468		307,532	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		96,413		96,413	
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year (restated)					730,748		730,748	
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ _	\$	_	\$	827,161	\$	827,161	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Fund

Transportation Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		20	20				2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)		 Actual Amounts
Revenues:							
General property taxes	\$ 882,000	\$ 882,000	\$	863,676	\$	(18,324)	\$ 876,375
State sources	288,000	288,000		277,989		(10,011)	287,728
Other revenue	180,000	180,000		90,916		(89,084)	168,293
Total Revenues	1,350,000	1,350,000		1,232,581		(117,419)	 1,332,396
Expenditures:							
Transportation	1,680,600	1,679,600		1,503,856		175,744	1,517,342
Custodial maintenance	35,700	35,700		59,385		(23,685)	31,464
General administration	· -	1,000		2,157		(1,157)	2,187
Capital outlay	141,500	141,500		66,320		75,180	181,753
Total Expenditures	1,857,800	1,857,800		1,631,718		226,082	1,732,746
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over							
Expenditures	 (507,800)	(507,800)		(399,137)		108,663	 (400,350)
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	507,800	507,800		399,137		(108,663)	400,350
Total Other Financing Sources	507,800	507,800		399,137		(108,663)	400,350
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-		-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	-						
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ _	\$ 	\$		\$		\$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Capital Projects Fund

Capital Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			20	020				2019
	iginal ıdget	E	Final Budget		Actual mounts	Po	riance ositive egative)	Actual mounts
Revenues:						_		
Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ 	\$		\$	1,700 1,700	\$	1,700 1,700	\$ 132 132
Total Reveilues	 				1,700		1,700	 132
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay	 -		-		-		-	 93,487
Total Expenditures	 		-		-			 93,487
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures					1,700		1,700	 (93,355)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	_		_		_		_	_
Total Other Financing Sources	-		-		-		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-		1,700		1,700	(93,355)
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year	68,306		68,306		71,070		2,764	 164,425
Fund Balance - End of the Year	\$ 68,306	\$	68,306	\$	72,770	\$	4,464	\$ 71,070

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position - Budget and Actual (GAAP BASIS)

Internal Service Fund

Health Benefits Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		20	20				2019
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual Amounts	!	/ariance Positive Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:	 	 					
Insurance premiums	\$ 4,226,700	\$ 4,226,700	\$	4,297,141	\$	70,441	\$ 4,267,506
Stop loss reimbursements	35,700	635,700		654,607		18,907	579,733
Other revenue	 15,000	 15,000				(15,000)	 -
Total Revenues	 4,277,400	 4,877,400		4,951,748		74,348	 4,847,239
Expenses:							
Claim losses	3,344,700	3,944,700		4,290,301		(345,601)	3,270,216
Premiums paid	707,700	707,700		673,389		34,311	532,485
Fees and supplies	225,000	225,000		307,590		(82,590)	302,869
Total Expenses	4,277,400	4,877,400		5,271,280		(393,880)	4,105,570
Change in Net Position	-	-		(319,532)		(319,532)	741,669
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	2,158,918	2,158,918		2,219,718		60,800	1,478,049
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 2,158,918	\$ 2,158,918	\$	1,900,186	\$	(258,732)	\$ 2,219,718

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedule by Source June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	 2019
Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land	\$ 10,702,591	\$ 10,200,702
Construction in progress	3,960,455	986,796
Buildings	150,458,834	155,041,336
Equipment and vehicles	 2,483,538	 2,604,745
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 167,605,418	\$ 168,833,579



Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report

District: 3000 - Summit RE-1 Fiscal Year 2019-20 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type &Number Governmental	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
10 General Fund	12,470,585	41,962,264	43,224,731	11,208,118
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
Sub- Total	12,470,585	41,962,264	43,224,731	11,208,118
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	3,738,052	2,192,448	4,676,476	1,254,024
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	27,689	1,384,315	1,366,930	45,074
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	1,538,107	1,538,107	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	730,748	738,881	642,469	827,161
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	1,631,718	1,631,718	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	9,926,009	8,423,013	9,223,796	9,125,226
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	5,347,691	371,926	4,458,786	1,260,832
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	71,069	1,700	0	72,769
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	32,311,845	58,244,371	66,763,012	23,793,205
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	2,219,719	2,135,769	2,455,301	1,900,187

Summit School District RE-1

Statistical Section



SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal '	Yea	r		
		2011		2012		2013		2014
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$6	1,080,885	\$6	53,252,393	\$6	53,712,856	\$6	9,416,544
Restricted	1	3,998,118	1	1,050,520	1	0,148,787		6,838,476
Unrestricted		1,704,207		6,972,441	1	0,330,700		9,944,710
Total governmental activities net position	\$7	6,783,210	\$8	31,275,354	\$8	34,192,343	\$8	6,199,730
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$	293,533	\$	293,533	\$	242,687	\$	215,110
Unrestricted		(293,533)		(293,533)		(242,687)		-
Total business-type activities net position	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	215,110
Primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$6	1,374,418		53,545,926	\$6	53,955,543	\$6	9,631,654
Restricted	1	3,998,118		1,050,520	1	0,148,787		6,838,476
Unrestricted		1,410,674		6,678,908		0,088,013		9,944,710
Total primary government net position	\$7	6,783,210	\$8	31,275,354	\$8	34,192,343	\$8	6,414,840

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

								-			
	201	5	2	016		2017	2	018	2	019	2020
	\$ 72,667	7,600	\$ 76,	981,982	\$ 81	,459,310	\$ 90,	352,476	\$ 82	,589,481	82,290,202
	6,841	1,119	8,	223,532	11	,959,878	11,	920,347	1 1	1,259,848	10,504,110
	(54,053	3,507)	(59,	706,559)	(85	,150,848)	(121,	752,328)	(104	,474,834)	(94,972,213)
	\$ 25,455	5,212	\$ 25,	498,955	\$ 8	,268,340	\$(19,	479,505)	\$ (10	,625,505)	(2,177,901)
=								<u> </u>			
	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -
		_		_		_		_		_	-
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _
=											=======================================
	\$ 72,667	7,600	\$ 76,	981,982	\$ 81	,459,310	\$ 90,	352,476	\$ 82	,589,481	\$ 82,290,202
	6,841	1,119	8,	223,532	11	,959,878	11,	920,347	11	,259,848	10,504,110
	(54,053	3,507)	(59,	706,559)	(85	,150,848)	(121,	752,328)	(104	,474,834)	(94,972,213)
-	\$ 25,455			498,955		,268,340		479,505)		,625,505)	(2,177,901)
=											

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	T 7
Fiscal	Year

		riscai	1			
-	2011	2012		2013		2014
Expenses						
Governmental activities:						
Current:						
Direct instruction	\$ 20,306,061	\$ 19,635,115	\$	19,854,822	\$	21,213,086
Indirect instruction	3,708,922	3,749,773		3,915,178		4,602,626
Transportation	1,214,959	1,394,134		1,383,515		1,477,468
Custodial and maintenance	4,076,282	3,808,537		3,991,627		4,255,401
Support services	4,551,627	1,941,599		1,896,973		2,266,448
General and school administration	2,360,520	2,491,724		2,509,597		2,579,159
Food service	-	-		-		-
Community service	258,192	22,723		24,233		-
Student Activities	-	-		-		-
Property	-	-		-		-
Interest	2,801,166	1,460,123		2,126,807		1,664,981
Depreciation - unallocated	-	-		-		-
Total governmental activities	39,277,729	34,503,728		35,702,752	_	38,059,169
Business-type activities						
Food services	1,051,185	1,037,723		1,107,934		1,207,215
Total business-type activities	1,051,185	1,037,723		1,107,934		1,207,215
Total primary government expenses	\$ 40,328,914	\$ 35,541,451	\$	36,810,686	\$	39,266,384
Program revenues						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for service	\$ 3,638,916	\$ 501,359		526,726		587,089
Operating grant and contributions	1,986,712	1,640,777		1,674,217		1,487,886
Capital grants and contributions	-	-		-		-
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,625,628	2,142,136		2,200,943		2,074,975
Business-type activities:						
Charges for service						
Food service	553,810	483,928		511,525		493,890
Operating grant and contributions	499,934	514,196		585,266		651,045
Capital grants and contributions	´-	-		_		-
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,053,744	998,124		1,096,791	_	1,144,935
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 6,679,372	\$ 3,140,260	\$	3,297,734	\$	3,219,910

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

Fisca							ear				
2015			2016 2017 2018						2019		2020
\$	23,146,035	\$	25,694,346	\$	40,191,071	\$	44,942,334	\$	26,456,861	\$	26,595,362
	5,063,052		6,434,647		8,858,221		10,050,337		6,183,136		6,752,045
	1,587,103		1,677,439		2,421,939		2,695,616		1,673,917		1,604,733
	4,063,683		4,300,999		5,887,850		5,957,536		4,728,831		5,782,496
	2,291,662		2,840,564		3,094,154		3,373,832		2,396,478		2,461,366
	2,867,470		3,091,129		4,455,016		5,727,440		3,055,948		3,162,745
	1,266,894		1,375,844		1,895,000		2,118,811		1,471,318		1,231,276
	-		-		-		-		2,750		8,923
	-		-		-		-		-		642,469
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,320,485		1,010,717		1,234,003		3,243,610		3,020,278		2,884,135
	41,606,384		46,425,685		68,037,254	_	78,109,516		48,989,517	_	51,125,550
	-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-
\$	41,606,384	\$	46,425,685	\$	68,037,254	\$	78,109,516	\$	48,989,517	\$	51,125,550
	940,015		1,030,502		1,154,951		1,173,558		1,248,016		1,791,358
	2,521,010		2,705,099		2,939,785		2,866,329		4,351,476		3,988,746
	-		-		-		-				70,499
	3,461,025	_	3,735,601		4,094,736	_	4,039,887		5,599,492		5,850,603
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-				•
	-	_	-	_	-		-		-		-
\$	3,461,025	\$	3,735,601	\$	4,094,736	\$	4,039,887	\$	5,599,492	\$	5,850,603

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Y	Year	•	
		2011	2012		2013	2014
Net (Expense) / Revenue						
Governmental activities	\$	(33,652,101)	\$ (32,361,592)	\$	(33,501,809)	\$ (35,984,194)
Business-type activities		2,559	(39,599)		(11,143)	(62,280)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(33,649,542)	\$ (32,401,191)	\$	(33,512,952)	\$ (36,046,474)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Pos	ition				
Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Local property taxes	\$	35,115,092	\$ 32,333,739	\$	31,734,595	\$ 31,232,839
Specific ownership taxes		1,316,397	1,288,349		1,375,567	1,590,334
State revenue		485,613	2,708,994		2,716,960	4,769,090
Grants not restricted to specific programs		808,368	536,946		452,934	471,692
Gain (loss) on asset disposition		5,254	11,453		11,453	188,754
Interest and investment earnings		24,098	13,854		23,374	16,261
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-
Transfers		99,205	(39,599)		(11,143)	(277,390)
Total governmental activities		37,854,027	 36,853,736		36,303,740	 37,991,580
Business-type activities:						
Gain (loss) on asset disposition		(2,559)	-		-	-
Interest and investment earnings		-	-		-	-
Transfers		(99,205)	 39,599		11,143	 277,390
Total business-type activities		(101,764)	 39,599		11,143	277,390
Total primary government	\$	37,752,263	 36,893,335		36,314,883	\$ 38,268,970
Change in Net Position						
Governmental activities	\$	4,201,926	\$ 4,492,144	\$	2,916,991	\$ 2,007,386
Business-type activities		(99,205)				215,110
Total primary government	\$	4,102,721	\$ 4,492,144	\$	2,916,991	\$ 2,222,496

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

_						<u> </u>	i cai					
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
\$	(38,145,359)	\$	(42,690,084)	\$	(63,942,518)	\$	(74,069,629)	\$	(43,390,025)	\$	(45,274,947)	
\$	(38,145,359)	\$	(42,690,084)	\$	(63,942,518)	\$	(74,069,629)	\$	(43,390,025)	\$	(45,274,947)	
\$	31,218,782 1,653,562 6,293,409 641,786 4,000	\$	33,798,849 1,738,337 6,439,603 741,877 (4,345) 19,506	\$	36,620,422 1,910,831 6,934,642 816,908 30,760	\$	38,191,958 2,236,696 7,342,132 968,889 1,205,270	\$	38,381,181 2,211,655 9,685,376 1,068,667 22,087 875,059	\$	42,769,525 2,041,931 6,609,459 1,175,240 506,344 388,361	
	13,459		19,300		398,340		1,203,270		873,039		300,301	
	_		-		-		-		_		-	
_	39,824,998		42,733,827		46,711,903		49,944,945		52,244,025		53,490,860	
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	
_												
\$	39,824,998		42,733,827	\$	46,711,903	\$	49,944,945	\$	52,244,025	\$	53,490,860	
\$ 	1,679,639 - 1,679,639	\$ 	43,743	\$	(17,230,615)	\$	(24,124,684)	\$	8,854,000 - 8,854,000	\$	8,215,913 - 8,215,913	
Ψ	1,077,037	Ψ	15,715	Ψ	(17,230,013)	Ψ	(21,121,001)	Ψ	0,00 1,000	Ψ	0,210,71	

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund	 _			 _
Non-spendable	60,244	70,105	46,042	46,702
Spendable				
Restricted	724,600	678,000	678,000	797,200
Committed	2,157,631	2,157,631	-	-
Assigned	336,000	-	-	-
Unassigned	 3,114,216	4,687,560	7,664,114	7,855,994
Total general fund	\$ 6,392,691	\$ 7,593,296	\$ 8,388,156	\$ 8,699,896
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	-	-	-	-
Spendable			-	-
Restricted	10,745,998	10,372,520	10,148,787	6,041,276
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	_	-	-	2,179,482
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 10,745,998	\$ 10,372,520	\$ 10,148,787	\$ 8,220,758
Total Governmental Funds				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-
Non-spendable	60,244	70,105	46,042	46,702
Spendable				
Restricted	11,470,598	11,050,520	10,826,787	6,838,476
Committed	2,157,631	2,157,631	-	-
Assigned	336,000	-	-	2,179,482
Unassigned	3,114,216	 4,687,560	 7,664,114	 7,855,994
Total governmental funds	\$ 17,138,689	\$ 17,965,816	\$ 18,536,943	\$ 16,920,654

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Vear
riscai	1 cai

				Fiscal Y						
2015		2016	2	017		2018	2	2019		2020
156,913		106,782		86,195		76,003		181,319		172,411
783,600		852,100		924,700		953,900	1	,007,900		1,046,700
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
 8,603,375		8,607,808	9,	146,519		10,493,869	11	,281,366		9,989,007
\$ 9,543,888	\$	9,566,690	\$ 10,	157,414	\$	11,523,772	\$ 12,	470,585	\$	11,208,118
						_				
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		34,969		35,045		30,295		27,689		111,050
-		-		-		-				
6,057,519		7,371,432	11,	035,178		10,626,157	9	,926,008		9,125,225
-		-	1,	533,436		2,900,498	3	3,738,049		1,205,303
2,112,889		602,146	72,	429,127	3	34,487,824	5	,418,762		2,160,762
-		-		-		-		-		(17,257)
\$ 8,170,408	\$	8,008,547	\$ 85,	032,786	\$ 4	48,044,774	\$ 19.	110,508	\$	12,585,083
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
156,913		141,751		121,240		106,298		209,008		283,461
6,841,119		8,223,532	11,	959,878		11,580,057	10	,933,908		10,171,925
-		-		533,436		2,900,498		3,738,049		1,205,303
2,112,889		602,146		429,127		34,487,824		5,418,762		2,160,762
 8,603,375		8,607,808		146,519		10,493,869		,281,366		9,971,750
\$ 17,714,296	\$	17,575,237	\$ 95,	190,200	\$:	59,568,546	\$ 31,	581,093	\$	23,793,201

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal	Year	
REVENUES	2010		2012	2013	2014
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$39,896,92	28	\$32,439,713	\$ 31,917,824	\$ 31,294,087
Specific ownership taxes	1,523,71	17	1,288,349	1,375,567	1,590,334
Federal income	1,005,85		1,117,390	1,104,832	889,405
State income	897,34		2,899,128	2,932,733	5,087,451
Investment Income	41,60		13,854	23,374	16,261
Other	1,964,67		1,383,010	1,459,786	1,527,655
Total revenues	45,330,12	22_	39,141,444	38,814,116	40,405,193
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Direct instruction	17,887,94	48	18,187,505	18,461,853	19,219,670
Indirect instruction	3,498,22	22	3,425,574	3,569,447	4,219,175
Transportation	1,452,80	04	1,653,349	1,335,056	1,597,231
Custodial and maintenance	3,520,34	46	3,717,314	3,657,284	3,890,907
Support services	1,695,84	46	1,817,730	1,770,773	1,920,905
General and school administration	2,292,42	24	2,215,134	2,301,459	2,300,791
Student Activity		-	-	-	-
Food service operations					
Community service	281,34	42	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal	4,232,4		4,550,000	4,760,000	4,965,000
Interest	2,951,0		2,057,726	2,250,595	1,773,170
Capital outlay	7,696,6		445,694	803,379	1,179,243
Total expenditures	45,509,07	72	38,070,026	38,909,846	41,066,092
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(178,95	50)	1,071,418	(95,730)	(660,899)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of bonds		-	34,522,309	-	-
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent		-	(38,148,852)	-	-
Premium on bond issuance		-	3,768,231	-	-
Bond issuance costs		-	(346,379)	-	-
Property settlement		-	341,090	-	-
Operating transfers (in/out)	-		(380,689)	(11,143)	(277,390)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(244,290)	(11,143)	(277,390)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (178,95	50)	\$ 827,128	\$ (106,873)	\$ (938,289)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	19.0	0%	17.6%	18.4%	16.9%

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

				Fisca	al Yea	ar		
2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	2020
\$ 31,270,	541	\$ 33,709,697	\$	36,739,092	\$ 3	8,150,372	\$ 38,315,011	\$ 41,897,297
1,653,		1,738,337		1,910,831		2,236,696	2,211,655	2,041,931
1,648,		1,695,126		1,787,755		1,813,207	1,839,309	2,408,980
6,899,		7,050,963		7,651,938		8,121,708	11,775,031	8,776,864
13,	459	19,506		398,340		1,205,270	875,059	388,361
1,852,	500	2,175,241		2,437,354		2,415,987	2,705,024	2,730,938
43,337,	783	46,388,870		50,925,310	5	3,943,240	57,721,089	58,244,371
20,092,	238	21,106,751		22,754,888	2	23,130,414	25,576,277	27,747,360
4,427,	418	5,547,187		5,173,184		5,566,875	6,336,656	7,333,181
1,529,		1,758,638		1,745,476		1,500,674	1,562,221	1,571,301
3,677,		3,733,441		3,655,064		3,915,780	4,345,576	4,818,409
2,008,	723	2,308,313		2,188,439		2,329,030	2,196,813	2,144,888
2,478,	405	2,517,211		2,624,234		2,991,115	3,050,692	3,337,020
	-	-		-		-	-	642,469
1,203,	083	1,283,224		1,420,355		1,494,830	1,599,036	1,411,413
	-	-		-		-	-	-
5,325,	000	5,035,000		2,885,000		4,925,000	5,345,000	5,505,000
1,412,		1,118,523		1,991,268		4,042,600	3,874,200	3,700,375
389,		2,119,641		7,266,446	3	9,668,576	31,822,071	8,551,595
42,544,	140	46,527,929		51,704,354		39,564,894	85,708,542	66,763,011
793,	643	 (139,059)		(779,044)	(3	55,621,654)	 (27,987,453)	 (8,518,640)
			68	445,000.00				
	_	_	00,			_		_
	_	_	9	949,006.00		_	_	_
	_	_	,,	-		_	_	_
	_	_		_		_	_	_
	_	_		_		_	_	_
	-			78,394,006			_	-
\$ 793,	643	\$ (139,059)	\$	77,614,962	\$ (3	55,621,654)	\$ (27,987,453)	\$ (8,518,640)
16	5.0%	13.9%		11.0%		18.0%	17.1%	15.8%

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Pro	operty	Personal Property				
Ended	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual			
June 30	Value	Value	Value	Value			
		1=016000	22 62 6 2 42				
2010	1,841,102,452	17,816,883,261	93,606,842	322,788,111			
2011	1,506,745,732	14,703,209,102	95,151,121	328,112,854			
2012	1,508,845,585	14,799,695,253	92,748,898	319,829,354			
2013	1,447,113,911	14,258,248,662	96,286,458	332,027,182			
2014	1,458,034,820	14,430,227,120	102,719,660	354,210,610			
2015	1,600,747,120	15,869,133,660	133,169,740	459,206,010			
2016	1,613,996,210	16,109,753,170	131,985,310	455,121,740			
2017	1,735,358,263	18,797,206,084	135,744,439	468,084,134			
2018	1,756,592,610	19,167,843,410	141,126,580	486,643,210			
2019	2,106,124,819	23,513,231,471	151,315,086	521,775,864			

Source: Summit County Assessor's Office

Note: The assessment ratios for all taxable property in the State of Colorado are as follows:

Years	Residential	Commercial
2010	7.96%	29.00%
2011	7.96%	29.00%
2012	7.96%	29.00%
2013	7.96%	29.00%
2014	7.96%	29.00%
2015	7.96%	29.00%
2016	7.96%	29.00%
2017	7.20%	29.00%
2018	7.20%	29.00%
2019	7.15%	29.00%

^{**} Per \$1,000 of assessed value

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Real Property I	Exemptions	Total Taxa	Total Direct	
Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Tax
Value	Value	Value	Value	Rate**
89,659,858	309,358,961	2,024,369,152	18,449,030,333	12.595
91,240,000	314,808,444	1,693,136,853	15,346,130,400	12.796
91,999,064	317,239,990	1,693,593,547	15,436,764,597	12.824
91,676,980	316,129,325	1,635,077,349	14,906,405,169	12.789
92,154,970	317,777,420	1,652,909,450	15,102,215,150	15.173
92,928,560	320,443,210	1,826,845,420	16,648,782,880	15.072
134,260,190	426,996,030	1,880,241,710	17,027,870,940	15.086
138,136,616	476,333,058	2,009,239,318	19,741,623,276	14.986
140,486,340	484,435,550	2,038,205,530	20,138,922,170	19.643
130,707,090	450,714,018	2,388,146,995	24,485,721,353	19.280

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property in the District Last Five Fiscal Years

	2015		2016				
	Assessed	Percent of		Assessed	Percent of		
Class	 Value	Total		Value	Total		
Residential	\$ 1,130,019,550	65.47%	\$	1,268,780,358	73.00%		
Commercial	357,012,970	20.68%		370,917,264	21.34%		
Industrial	46,583,100	2.70%		43,705,466	2.51%		
Agricultural	1,018,650	0.06%		4,155,567	0.24%		
Natural Resources	885,260	0.05%		850,912	0.05%		
Vacant	151,127,080	8.76%		8,444,971	0.49%		
State Assessed	39,349,310	2.28%		41,308,061	2.38%		
TOTAL	\$ 1,725,995,920	100.00%	\$	1,738,162,600	100.01%		

Source: Summit County Assessor's Office

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property in the District Last Five Fiscal Years

2017 2019 2018 Assessed Percent of Assessed Percent of Percent of Assessed Value Total Value Total Value Total \$ 1,348,278,983 72.52% 1,370,375,601 72.76% \$1,665,608,350 74.11% 411,392,083 22.13% 419,509,544 22.27% 487,017,393 21.67% 42,807,527 2.30% 39,274,586 2.09% 37,780,117 1.68% 4,173,308 0.22% 3,944,172 0.21% 4,557,534 0.20% 925,115 0.05%939,386 0.05% 832,612 0.04%8,857,568 0.48%7,768,124 0.41% 8,113,996 0.36% 42,781,076 2.30% 41,664,016 2.21% 43,656,627 1.94% 1,859,215,660 100.00% 1,883,475,430 100.00% \$2,247,566,630 100.00%

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Summit School District			Fiscal Y	/ear	
General operations 13,923 14,635 14,677 14,708 General obligation debt service 3.582 4.492 4.331 4,421 Full day kindergarten 0.403 0.521 0.573 Tarasportation 0.456 0.551 0.573 Special building and technology - - - Total direct property tax rate 8.834 20.202 20.031 20.275 Overlapping Rates 8.834 20.202 20.031 20.275 Summit County Government 12.595 12.796 12.824 12.789 Colorado Mountain College 3.997 3.997 3.997 3.997 3.997 1.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 12.290 10.290 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00 10.00		2011	2012	2013	2014
General obligation debt service 3.582 4.492 4.331 4.421 Full day kindergarten 0.403 0.521 0.573 0.573 Special building and technology -					
Full day kindergarten					
Parasportation					
Page					
Total direct property tax rate 18.364 20.202 20.311 20.275 Overlapping Rates Summit County Government 12.595 12.796 12.824 12.789 Colorado Mountain College 3.997 3.518 3.281 3.281		0.456	0.551	0.551	0.573
Number N					-
Summit County Government 12.595 12.796 12.824 12.789 Colorado Mountain College 3.997 3.997 3.997 3.997 Town of Blue River 12.060 12.290 12.290 Town of Breckenridge 6.945 6.945 6.945 5.070 Town of Dillon 2.678 3.329 3.351 3.351 Town of Firsce 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 Town of Montezuma 3.188 3.188 3.188 3.188 3.188 Town of Silverthorne - - - - - - Alpensee Water District 20.00 50.000 50.000 50.000 25.	Total direct property tax rate	18.364	20.202	20.031	20.275
Colorado Mountain College 3.997 3.997 3.997 3.997 Town of Blue River 12.060 12.290 12.290 12.290 Town of Breckenridge 6.945 6.945 6.945 6.945 7.07 Town of Dillon 2.678 3.329 3.351 3.351 Town of Frisco 0.798					
Town of Blue River 12.060 12.290 12.290 12.290 Town of Breckenridge 6.945 6.945 6.945 5.070 Town of Dillon 2.678 3.329 3.351 3.351 Town of Frisco 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 Town of Montezuma 3.188 <td< td=""><td></td><td>12.595</td><td>12.796</td><td>12.824</td><td>12.789</td></td<>		12.595	12.796	12.824	12.789
Town of Dillon 6.945 6.945 6.945 5.070 Town of Dillon 2.678 3.329 3.351 3.351 Town of Frisco 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 Town of Montezuma 3.188 3.188 3.188 3.188 Town of Silverthorne - - - - - Alpense Water District 20.00 50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000 Alpine Metro District 25.000 <td< td=""><td>Colorado Mountain College</td><td>3.997</td><td>3.997</td><td>3.997</td><td>3.997</td></td<>	Colorado Mountain College	3.997	3.997	3.997	3.997
Town of Dillon 2.678 3.329 3.351 3.351 Town of Frisco 0.798 0.798 0.798 0.798 Town of Montezuma 3.188 3.188 3.188 3.188 Town of Silverthorne - - - - Alpensee Water District 50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000 Alpine Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Breckenridge Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Colorado River Water Conservation District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Valley Metro District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 <t< td=""><td>Town of Blue River</td><td>12.060</td><td>12.290</td><td>12.290</td><td>12.290</td></t<>	Town of Blue River	12.060	12.290	12.290	12.290
Town of Montezuma 0.798 0.798 0.798 Town of Montezuma 3.188 3.188 3.188 Town of Silverthorne - - - Alpensee Water District 50.000 50.000 50.000 Alpine Metro District 20.00 - - - Breckenridge Mt Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District 4.000 40.000	Town of Breckenridge	6.945	6.945	6.945	5.070
Town of Montezuma 3.188 3.188 3.188 3.188 Town of Silverthorne - - - - Alpensee Water District 50.000 50.000 50.000 Alpine Metro District 20.00 - - - Breckenridge Mt Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 Firsco Fire Protection District - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - - - -	Town of Dillon	2.678	3.329	3.351	3.351
Town of Silverthorne	Town of Frisco	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798
Alpensee Water District 50.000 50.000 50.000 50.000 Alpine Metro District 20.00 - - - Breckenridge Mt Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District - - - - - Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Town of Montezuma</td><td>3.188</td><td>3.188</td><td>3.188</td><td>3.188</td></td<>	Town of Montezuma	3.188	3.188	3.188	3.188
Alpine Metro District 20.00 - - - Breckenridge Mt Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Dillon Water District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District -	Town of Silverthorne	-	-	-	-
Breckenridge Mt Metro District 25.000 25.000 25.000 25.000 Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - <t< td=""><td>*</td><td>50.000</td><td>50.000</td><td>50.000</td><td>50.000</td></t<>	*	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000
Buffalo Mt Metro District 11.750 15.000 15.000 15.000 Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District -	Alpine Metro District	20.00	-	-	-
Colorado River Water Conservation District 0.188 0.228 0.242 0.254 Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - <	Breckenridge Mt Metro District	25.000	25.000	25.000	25.000
Copper Mt Cons Metro District 27.300 31.584 29.467 30.500 Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - </td <td>Buffalo Mt Metro District</td> <td>11.750</td> <td>15.000</td> <td>15.000</td> <td>15.000</td>	Buffalo Mt Metro District	11.750	15.000	15.000	15.000
Corinthian Hills Metro District 8.252 10.055 10.258 10.400 Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District - - - - - - Frisco Fire Protection District - <td>Colorado River Water Conservation District</td> <td>0.188</td> <td>0.228</td> <td>0.242</td> <td>0.254</td>	Colorado River Water Conservation District	0.188	0.228	0.242	0.254
Dillon Fire Protection District - - - - Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Met. District -	Copper Mt Cons Metro District	27.300	31.584	29.467	30.500
Dillon Valley Metro District - - - - Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - <	Corinthian Hills Metro District	8.252	10.055	10.258	10.400
Eagles Nest Metropolitan District 15.028 15.022 15.157 15.007 East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Met. District 40.000 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 4.000 4.012 5.604 2.004 2.004 2.004 2.004	Dillon Fire Protection District	-	-	-	-
East Dillon Water District 2.811 3.525 3.527 3.699 Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District Fourth Street Crossing Met. District - - - - - Hamilton Creek Metro District 40.000 6.960 6.9	Dillon Valley Metro District	-	-	-	-
Frisco Fire Protection District - - - - Frisco Sanitation District - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District - - - - Fourth Street Crossing Met. District 40.000 40.000 40.000 40.000 Hamilton Creek Metro District 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 Heeney Water District 3.428 4.031 4.412 5.604 Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000	Eagles Nest Metropolitan District	15.028	15.022	15.157	15.007
Frisco Sanitation District - </td <td>East Dillon Water District</td> <td>2.811</td> <td>3.525</td> <td>3.527</td> <td>3.699</td>	East Dillon Water District	2.811	3.525	3.527	3.699
Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District Fourth Street Crossing Met. District 40.000 40.000 40.000 40.000 Hamilton Creek Metro District 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 Heeney Water District 3.428 4.031 4.412 5.604 Kremmling Memorial Hospital District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000	Frisco Fire Protection District	-	-	-	-
Fourth Street Crossing Met. District 40.000 6.960	Frisco Sanitation District	-	-	-	-
Fourth Street Crossing Met. District 40.000 6.960	Fourth Street Crossing Bus Improvement District				
Heeney Water District 6.960 6.960 6.960 6.960 Kremmling Memorial Hospital District 3.428 4.031 4.412 5.604 Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717					
Kremmling Memorial Hospital District 3.428 4.031 4.412 5.604 Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Hamilton Creek Metro District	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000
Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Heeney Water District	6.960	6.960	6.960	6.960
Lake Dillon Fire Protection District 8.279 8.284 9.021 9.014 Lower Blue Fire Protection District 4.308 4.095 4.305 4.305 Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Kremmling Memorial Hospital District	3.428	4.031	4.412	5.604
Middle Park Water Conservancy District 0.056 0.056 0.056 0.056 Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717		8.279	8.284	9.021	9.014
Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Lower Blue Fire Protection District	4.308	4.095	4.305	4.305
Red, White & Blue Fire Protection District 8.500 9.000 9.098 9.014 Silverthorne Fire Protection District - - - - - Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Middle Park Water Conservancy District	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.056
Snake River Fire Protection District 0.400 0.460 0.360 0.340 Snake River Water District - - - - South Maryland Creek Mreto District - - - - Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717		8.500	9.000	9.098	9.014
Snake River Water District - </td <td>Silverthorne Fire Protection District</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td>	Silverthorne Fire Protection District	-	-	-	_
Snake River Water District - </td <td>Snake River Fire Protection District</td> <td>0.400</td> <td>0.460</td> <td>0.360</td> <td>0.340</td>	Snake River Fire Protection District	0.400	0.460	0.360	0.340
Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	Snake River Water District		-		_
Swan's Nest Metro District 35.000 35.000 35.000 35.000 Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717	South Maryland Creek Mreto District	_	_	_	_
Timber Creek Water District 10.000 10.000 10.000 10.000 Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717		35.000	35.000	35.000	35.000
Willow Brook Metro District 49.000 51.773 59.395 61.717					
	Willow Brook Metro District				

Source: Summit County Assessor's Office

Note: The District's property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the District's residents.

Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the boundaries of the Summit School District. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Summit School District property owners; for example, although the County property tax rate apply to all school district property owners the Snake River Fire Protection District rates apply only to the residents of Keystone whose property is located within that district's geographic boundaries.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Fiscal Year								
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
14.670	14.273	14.278	13.993	13.971	13.867			
4.350	4.350	4.921	4.611	4.550	3.832			
0.548	0.485	0.445	0.473	0.429	-			
0.567	0.510	0.507	0.448	0.467	0.393			
-	-	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000			
20.135	19.618	21.151	20.525	20.417	19.092			
15.173	15.072	15.086	14.986	19.643	19.280			
3.997	3.997	3.997	3.997	3.997	4.013			
12.314	12.308	12.324	12.290	12.290	12.290			
5.070	5.070	5.070	5.070	5.070	5.070			
3.351	3.351	3.351	3.338	3.351	3.024			
0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798			
3.188	3.188	3.188	3.188	3.188	3.188			
50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000	50.000			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
25.000	25.000	25.750	25.750	24.500	22.500			
15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000			
0.025	0.243	0.253	0.254	0.256	0.235			
30.632	29.136	40.644	39.790	39.735	35.398			
9.000	9.000	9.064	10.400	11.073	10.468			
-	-	-	_	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
15.023	15.000	15.020	15.052	3.757	-			
3.684	3.380	3.373	3.244	3.224	2.733			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
					12.000			
					62.000			
40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000			
6.960	6.960	6.960	6.960	6.960	6.960			
6.556	6.556	7.045	7.045	7.045	7.045			
9.016	9.026	9.023	9.003	9.007	9.055			
4.199	4.026	4.067	3.694	3.694	3.014			
0.056	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.055	0.048			
9.018	9.004	9.038	9.008	9.015	9.053			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
_	_	17.000	63.016	63.016	63.456			
35.000	35.000	35.000	35.000	35.000	24.000			
10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000			
62.130	61.840	61.840	62.400	81.883	93.642			
-	_	_	_	_	_			

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 202	20*	Fiscal Year 2011*			
		% of Total			% of Total	
		County			County	
	Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable	
	Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Valuation		Value	Valuation	
Vail Summit Resorts Inc	\$ 84,328,684	4.06%	\$	68,180,993	3.75%	
Climax Molybdenum Company	37,946,368	2.09%		11,326,394	0.60%	
Public Service Co Of Colorado	33,214,052	1.64%		18,152,877	0.90%	
Powdr - Copper Mountain LLC	17,151,149	0.63%		8,336,238	1.10%	
Craig Realty Group-Silverthorne LLC	11,385,053	0.56%		12,305,610	0.63%	
Powdr - Copper Participation LLC	11,376,016	0.54%		9,742,583	0.00%	
Gold Point Lodging & Realty Inc	10,095,999	0.48%		9,710,136	0.50%	
Grand Lodge on Peak 7 Intrvl Owner Assoc	8,667,054	0.42%		-	0.00%	
Peak 8 Properties LLC	9,066,954	0.40%		-	0.00%	
Qwest Corporation - change to Peak 8 Properties LLC	-	0.00%		6,586,484	0.34%	
Beaver Run Interim Centr Acquisition LLC	-	0.37%		5,724,059	0.30%	
One Ski Hill Place LLC - change to Qwest Corporation	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
AZCO II LLC - change to One Ski Hill Place LLC	-	0.00%		7,396,650	0.38%	
PFG Alders Property LLC	-	0.00%		-	0.21%	
CNL Income Copper LP - change to AZCO II LLC	-	0.00%		-	0.00%	
Brynn Grey X LLC	8,208,499	0.36%				
Total for 10 largest taxpayers	\$ 231,439,828	11.55%	\$	157,462,024	8.71%	
Total for all other taxpayers	\$ 2,031,152,450	89.77%	\$	1,777,247,266	91.86%	
	\$ 2,262,592,278	100.00%	\$	1,934,709,290	100.00%	

Source: Summit County Assessor's Office

^{*}School District Fiscal Year Ending June 30

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected w	ithin the	Collections	Total Collecti	on to Date
Ended	for the	e Fiscal Year of the Le		in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2011	35,379,541	33,720,984	95.3%	1,595,750	35,316,734	99.8%
2012	32,222,763	29,635,651	92.0%	2,489,252	32,124,903	99.7%
2013	31,943,456	30,789,912	96.4%	1,120,054	31,909,966	99.9%
2014	31,146,546	30,110,670	96.7%	990,181	31,100,851	99.9%
2015	31,262,720	30,311,943	97.0%	897,052	31,208,995	99.8%
2016	33,832,580	32,727,895	96.7%	1,015,423	33,743,318	99.7%
2017	36,726,207	35,675,658	97.1%	1,005,396	36,681,054	99.9%
2018	38,160,402	36,945,888	96.8%	1,129,637	38,075,525	99.8%
2019	38,454,918	37,104,706	96.5%	1,287,124	38,391,830	99.8%
2020	42,721,176	40,343,538	94.4%		40,343,538	94.4%

Collections through June 30, 2020

Source: Summit School District Business Services Department Property Tax Worksheet

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Ratio Of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Net Bonded Debt per Capita	Percentage of Median Household Income
2011	54,130,000	2.67%	1,937	2.89%
2012	49,500,000	2.92%	1,754	2.55%
2013	44,740,000	2.64%	1,556	2.29%
2014	39,775,000	2.43%	1,353	1.99%
2015	34,450,000	2.08%	1,157	1.70%
2016	29,415,000	1.61%	979	1.44%
2017	94,975,000	5.05%	3,115	4.59%
2018	90,050,000	4.48%	2,944	4.19%
2019	84,705,000	4.16%	2,732	3.72%
2020	79,200,000	3.32%	2,554	3.29%

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Debt repaid with property taxes					
Alpensee Water District	\$ 911,000	100.00	\$ 911,000		
Breckenridge Mountain Metro District	23,305,000	100.00	23,305,000		
Copper Mtn. Consolidated Metro District	3,710,000	100.00	3,710,000		
Eagles Nest Metropolitan District	-	100.00	-		
East Dillon Water District	1,335,832	100.00	1,335,832		
Fourth Street Metro District	21,195,711		21,195,711		
Heeney Water District	-	100.00	-		
Kremmling Memorial Hospital District	22,060,846	5.00	1,103,042		
South Maryland Creek Ranch	11,837,018	100.00	11,837,018		
Swans Nest Metropolitan District	735,000	100.00	735,000		
Summit County Government	-	100.00	-		
Timber Creek Water District	280,000	100.00	280,000		
Town of Frisco	8,163,100	100.00	8,163,100		
West Grand School District #1-JT	5,395,000	2.20	118,690		
Willowbrook Metro District	1,750,000	_	1,750,000		
Subtotal, overlapping debt	100,678,507		74,444,393		
Summit County School District direct debt	79,200,000	100.00	79,200,000		
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 179,878,507	=	\$ 153,644,393		

Source: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Summit County Assessor's Office. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. This schedule estimates the portion of outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that are borne by the residents and businesses of the District. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
•		2011		2012		2013	2014
Assessed valuation	\$	1,926,570,520	\$	1,595,028,340		1,594,701,010	\$ 1,536,204,510
Debt limit (20% of assessed valuation)	\$	385,314,104	\$	319,005,668	\$	318,940,202	\$ 307,240,902
Debt applicable to limit:							
General obligation bonds	\$	54,130,000	\$	49,500,000	\$	44,740,000	\$ 39,775,000
Less: Amount set aside for repayment							
of general obligation debt		(5,696,923)		(6,062,943)		(5,959,708)	(6,041,276)
Total net debt applicable to limit		48,433,077		43,437,057		38,780,292	33,733,724
Legal debt margin	\$	336,881,027	\$	275,568,611	\$	280,159,910	\$ 273,507,178
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		12.57%		13.62%		12.16%	10.98%

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 20% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	2015 2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
\$	1,552,655,580	\$	1,724,568,190	\$	1,736,381,600	\$ 1,859,215,660	\$	1,883,475,430	\$	2,237,648,040
\$	310,531,116	_\$_	344,913,638	\$	347,276,320	\$ 371,843,132	\$	376,695,086	\$	447,529,608
\$	34,450,000	\$	29,415,000	\$	94,975,000	\$ 90,050,000		84,705,000		79,200,000
	(6,057,519)		(7,371,432)		(11,035,178)	(10,626,157)		(9,926,008)		(9,125,225)
	28,392,481		22,043,568		83,939,822	79,423,843		74,778,992		70,074,775
	282,138,635	\$	322,870,070	\$	263,336,498	\$ 292,419,289	\$	301,916,094	\$	377,454,833
	9.14%		6.39%		24.17%	21.36%		19.85%		15.66%

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	Median Household Income	October 1 School Enrollment	October 1 Funded Pupil Count	Total Program Per Pupil Funding	Colorado Unemployment Rate
2011	27,941	\$66,914	3,124	2,924.3	\$7,150.04	9.0%
2012	28,218	\$68,750	3,151	2,942.3	\$6,750.68	7.9%
2013	28,759	\$67,915	3,156	2,950.4	\$6,738.30	7.2%
2014	29,399	\$67,860	3,287	3,049.0	\$6,934.66	5.8%
2015	29,777	\$67,860	3,345	3,141.9	\$7,317.25	4.0%
2016	30,039	\$67,860	3,509	3,294.9	\$7,593.98	2.1%
2017	30,489	\$67,860	3,560	3,352.4	\$7,671.60	2.1%
2018	30,585	\$70,192	3,600	3,394.8	\$7,921.35	2.7%
2019	31,007	\$73,538	3,591	3,397.5	\$8,430.88	2.9%
2020	31,011	\$77,589	3,462	3,384.5	\$8,808.54	11.4%

Sources: Population, median household income and unemployment rate information provided by Summit County, Colorado Division of Local Governemnt (LMI), U.S. Census Bureau, and Wikipedia. School enrollment data provided by the Summit School District Business Services Department. Total program per pupil funding provided by the Colorado Department of Education.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Principal Employers Current Year

Employer	Range of Employees	% of Total County Employment
Copper Mountain Ski Resort	1000-4999	4.55-22.72%
Keystone Resort Ski/Ride School	500-999	2.28-4.55%
Peak Materials LLC	500-999	2.28-4.55%
Summit School District RE-1	500-999	2.28-4.55%
Breckenridge Ski Resort	250-499	1.14-2.28%
Summit County Government	250-499	1.14-2.28%
St. Anthony Summit Medical Ctr	100-249	.46-1.14%
Beaver Run Resort & Conference Center	100-249	.46-1.14%
Grand Timber Lodge	100-249	.46-1.14%
Town of Silverthorne	100-249	.46-1.14%
Target	100-249	.46-1.14%
Arapahoe Basin Ski Area	100-249	.46-1.14%
Town of Breckenridge	100-249	.46-1.14%
Whole Foods	100-249	.46-1.14%
Lowes	100-249	.46-1.14%
Wyndham Vacation Rentals	100249	.46-1.14%
City Market	100-249	.46-1.14%
Breckenridge Recreation Center	100-249	.46-1.14%
Wal-Mart	100-249	.46-1.14%
Total Employees in Summit County	22,564	

Source: Colorado Department of Labor and Employment - LMI Gateway

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Governmental Fund Expenditures	Funded Students	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff FTE	Pupil Teacher Ratio
2011	\$43,669,741	2,924.3	\$14,933	-4.8%	251.04	11.65
2012	\$38,070,026	2,942.3	\$12,939	-13.4%	245.89	11.97
2013	\$38,909,846	2,950.4	\$13,188	1.9%	255.11	11.57
2014	\$41,066,092	3,049.0	\$13,469	2.1%	272.61	11.18
2015	\$42,544,140	3,141.9	\$13,541	0.5%	279.45	11.24
2016	\$46,527,929	3,294.9	\$14,121	4.3%	284.18	11.59
2017	\$51,704,354	3,352.4	\$15,423	9.2%	307.41	10.91
2018	\$89,564,894	3,394.8	\$26,383	71.1%	310.52	10.93
2019	\$85,708,542	3,397.5	\$25,227	-4.4%	320.81	10.59
2020	\$66,763,011	3,384.5	\$19,726	-21.8%	322.48	10.50

Sources: Nonfinancial information provided by the district's personnel

Note: Enrollment based on October enrollment. Teaching staff are full-time equivalents for the year as a whole.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Insurance (Unaudited)

Description of Insurance	Carrier or Pool	Coverage Limit	Deductible	
General & School Liability	CSDSIP*	\$2,000,000/occurrence \$5,000,000 aggregate	\$2,500	
Property including:	CSDSIP	\$130,273,815	\$5,000	
Equipment Breakdown	CSDSIP	\$250,000,000	\$1,000	
Automobile liability: Combined single limit Personal injury protection	CSDSIP	\$2,000,000 \$5,000	\$0 \$0	
Crime:	CSDSIP	\$1,000,000	\$500	
Pollution	CSDSIP	\$1,000,000	\$5,000	
Data Compromise	CSDSIP	\$1,000,000	\$5,000	
NCBR Terrorism	CSDSIP	\$10,000,000	\$5,000	
School Crisis Act	CSDSIP	\$250,000	\$0	
Worker's Compensation	Pinnacle Assurance		\$5,000	
Unemployment	State of Colorado	Claims basis	;	
Underground Storage Tanks	ACE American Insurance	\$1,000,000/occurrence \$2,000,000 aggregate	\$5,000	
International Liability	ACE American Insurance	Multi-tiered coverage		

Source: School District Records

^{*}Colorado School Districts' Self Insurance Pool

Summit School District RE-1

Reports and Schedules for Reporting Requirements Of Uniform Guidance



M & A

MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Summit School District RE-1 Frisco, CO

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summit School District RE-1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit on the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Paul J. Backes, CPA, CGMA Michael N. Jenkins, CA, CPA, CGMA Daniel R. Cudahy, CPA, CGMA AVON: (970) 845-8800 ASPEN: (970) 544-3996 FRISCO: (970) 668-348 I INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Education Summit School District RE-1 Frisco, CO

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.

November 24, 2020

MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Summit School District RE-1 Frisco, CO

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the compliance of the Summit School District RE-1 (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

PAUL J. BACKES, CPA, CGMA MICHAEL N. JENKINS, CA, CPA, CGMA DANIEL R. CUDAHY, CPA, CGMA AVON: (970) 845-8800 ASPEN: (970) 544-3996 FRISCO: (970) 668-348 I INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Education Summit School District RE-1 Frisco, CO

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiency and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based in the requirements of Uniform Guidance and the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.

November 24, 2020

Summit School District RE-1 SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Part I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified None noted

Significant deficiency identified None noted

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted None noted

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified None noted

Significant deficiency identified None noted

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S.

Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 None noted

Major programs -

IDEA Part B: Special Education CFDA# 84.027 IDEA Preschool CFDA# 84.173

Dollar threshold used to identify Type A

from Type B programs \$750,000

Identified as low-risk auditee Yes

Part II: Findings Related to Financial Statements

Findings related to financial statements as

required by Government Auditing Standards None noted Auditor-assigned reference number Not applicable

Part III: Findings Related to Federal Awards

Internal control findings

Compliance findings

None noted

Questioned costs

None noted

Summit School District RE-1 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note: There were no findings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

SUMMIT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Project Code	Expenditures	
United States Department of Education				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
Title I				
Title I, Part A	84.010	4010	225,222	
Title I, Homeless Set Aside	84.010	9202	50	
Title I, District Manager Set Aside	84.010	9206	1,110	
Title IA - Closing the Achievement Gap Total Title I	84.010	5010	86,132 312,514	
IDEA Part B: Flow through 94.142 Special Education	84.027	4027	560,340	В
IDEA Preschool 99-457	84.173	4173	13,509	В
IDEA Child Find	84.181A	5181	5,138	
Title I Grants to Local Education Title III	84.323A	5323	15,750	
Title III, Immigrant Education	84.365	4365	67,198	
Title III, Immigrant Education	84.365	7365	1,171	
Total Title IIII			68,369	
Title II, Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367	4367	56,248	
Title IV, Student Support	84.424	4424	10,132	
ESSER, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D	4425	1,836	
Passed through Colorado Colleges and Occupational System:				
Carl Perkins Vocational & Applied Technology	84.048	4048	28,944	
Total United States Department of Education			1,072,780	
United States Treasury				
Passed through State Department of Education:				
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	4012	44,905	
Total United States Treasury			44,905	
United States Department of Health and Human Services				
United States Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Summit County Treasurer:				
Head Start	93.600	8600	108,579	D
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services	30.000	0000	108,579	_
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through Summit County Treasurer:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.666	7665	445,427	С
Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services				
Food Distribution Commodities	10.555	4555	81,254	Α
Passed through State Department of Education:	40.550	4550	00.074	
National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Cluster	10.553 10.555	4553 4555	86,871 359,680	A A
Cares Act Emergency Feeding	10.555	4555	198,290	A
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	4559	12,304	Ā
Total United States Department of Agriculture	.0.000		1,183,826	
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,410,090	
Additional Information for Clusters:				
A Child Nutrition Cluster	\$ 738,399			
B IDEA Cluster	\$ 573,849			
C Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	\$ 445,427			
D Head Start Cluster	\$ 108,579			

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020:

Note 1. Basis of Presentation:

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Summit School District, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, US Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of Determining the Value of Non-Cash Awards Expended:

Food Commodities: Fair market value of commodities at the time recipient received award and the assessed value provided by the federal agency.

Note 3. Sub recipients:

The District did not provide any federal funds listed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards received to sub recipients.

Note 4. Indirect Facilities and Administration Costs:

The District does not opt to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 200.414 Indirect (F & A) costs.